BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. BANGOR, ME., MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1877. VOLUME XLIV---NUMBER 66.

BANGOR
Daily Whig and Courier.
PUBLISHED MORNINGS
At No. 5 East End Kenduskeag Bridge
BY
BOUTELLE & BURR.
C. A. BOUTELLE. BENJ. A. BURR.

TERMS.—$8.00 per year, $4.00 for six months, $2.00 for three months, invariably in advance.

THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,
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AGENCIES
S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 10 State St., Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this Paper.
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BATES & LOCKE, Agents, 34 Park Row, N. Y.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.
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Business Cards.

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE "ONLY GOOD SAUCE," and applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May 1851.
"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
LEA & PERRINS'
SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE
Lea & Perrins
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, NEW YORK.
sTuly

PLUMBING.
[illegible] for so long time in the [illegible] business in Bangor, having made arrangements [illegible] on PLUMBING in connection [illegible] work, announces that he is prepared [illegible] estimates for Plumbing for public and private buildings of every description.
[illegible]

FILES---FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME
to [illegible] up and get ready for business. I have
1000 Dozen Files
and am finishing off 150 Dozen per week, which I am selling at
The Lowest Prices,
and will warrant them equal to any imported. Call and see them.
Old Files Re-Cut, as usual.
JOB COLLETT, - - - Exchange St.
jan1

To the Judge of Probate of Penobscot County, Maine.

James M. Blanchard, the undersigned, represents that on the [illegible] of December, 1869, Alvin [illegible] Clark, late of Corinth, now deceased, made a [illegible] contract to convey to the undersigned [illegible] in Exeter, in said County, thus described: A part of lot No. 2 in the fourth range [illegible] said Exeter, containing seven and 38-100 acres, more or less, with the buildings on the same [illegible] part of lot numbered one in the third range in said Exeter, and containing two acres [illegible] an acre, and both of said parcels being [illegible] occupied by Carter Blanchard, and being [illegible] premises which were conveyed by me to said Alvin B. Clark, by my deed of warranty, [illegible] 6, 1869, and recorded in the Penobscot Registry of Deeds, Vol. 3[illegible], page 4[illegible], provided the [illegible] should pay, said Clark the sum of two [illegible] and all other demands the undersigned [illegible] have him-and conveyance to be made in [illegible] after demand, on said payments being [illegible] Now the undersigned avers that he has [illegible] and is ready to perform the conditions [illegible] of him by the terms of said contract, and [illegible] Clark has been prevented by death from [illegible] conveyance. Wherefore he prays that [illegible] authorize Noah Barker, Esq., the Administrator [illegible] said Clark's estate, to make such conveyance.

JAMES M. BLANCHARD.

Dec. [illegible] 25, 1876.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss.—Court of Probate, January Term, A. D. 1877.

Upon the foregoing petition, ordered, that said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition, and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the [illegible] Tuesday in February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.
A true copy of the Petition and order thereon.
Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register. 5

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of
GEORGE SMITH, late of Veazie,
in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him.
PAYSON T. HUCKINS, Adm'r.
Veazie, Dec. 26, 1876. 3

Old Newspapers
for sale at this office.

Executrix' Notice.

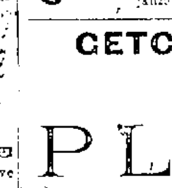
The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed, and has taken upon herself the trust of an Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of
EDWIN F. LORD, late of Oldtown,
in the county of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. She therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to her.
MARIA F. LORD, Executrix.
Oldtown, Jan'y 30, 1877. 3

NEW STORE
AT NO. 10 BROAD ST.
B. W. GUBTIL,
Would announce that he may be found at
NO. 10 BROAD ST.
with a stock of CORN, FLOUR, MEAL, SHORTS, OATS, SALT, &c.
B. W. GUBTIL,
10 BROAD ST.
Jan27 d1w&w1t

PLUMBING, STEAM FITTING,
AND
WATER PIPING.
The undersigned would respectfully announce that they are prepared to furnish and put into public and private buildings, *Steam Heating Apparatus*; also to manufacture GALVANIZED IRON CORNICE and GUTTERS.
A large supply of PLUMBING, STEAM and WATER FITTINGS constantly on hand.
Orders for Plumbing, Steam and Water Piping respectfully solicited.
All of our Work warranted—both Workmanship and Materials—to be first class in every respect.
A. LEIGHTON & CO.,
Exchange, Cor. of York St.
se12

GLOBE HOTEL.
This Hotel was built last season, on the site of the Harriman House, furnished new throughout, with modern improvements. Ample Rooms on first floor. Bath Room, Water Closets, Finger's Annunciator, etc. Good Livery and Transient Stables. Free Coaches to and from the House.
TERMS, $2.00 PER DAY.
J. E. HARRIMAN, Proprietor.
Bangor, March 12, 1877.

TO THE TRADE.
New Spring Stock
Dry Goods.
1000 Pieces Prints,
Woolens--Grand Assortment.
Clothing--New Styles,
At Boston & New York Prices.
---SAVE FREIGHT.---
Orders Promptly & Satisfactorily Answered
WHEELWRIGHT, CLARK & CO.
dec11 d&w

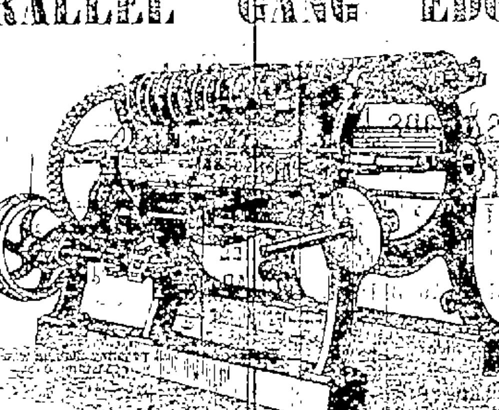


PHYSICIANS
Speak in the highest terms of the ABDOMINAL CORSETS for Ladies in poor health. Also, for Portly Ladies.
C. W. COFFIN, Sole Agent,
19 MAIN STREET.
Jan26

GETCHELL, LEIGHTON & CO.,
HOUSE AND SHIP
PLUMBERS,
and dealers in all kinds of PLUMBING MATERIAL. Tin Roofing and Jobbing.
Jan18 eod
20 CENTRAL STREET.

RICHARDSON'S
PARALLEL GANG EDGER,

Patented Jan. 16th, 1872.



Patented April 14th, 1874.

This Patent movable Box on end of Arbor, gives it advantages over any others, as the difficulty heretofore experienced in removing Saws with Arbor and loss of time, is fully overcome. You can take out the pins and remove the Cross Bar with Box and slip the Saws off the Arbor through the opening. Machine is constructed entirely of Iron and Steel.
The Cone Pulley another great improvement, as they regulate the feed to suit the kind of work required to be done.
These Edgers are used extensively for Sawing Deals and Scantling. We would caution purchasers against buying those machines which are an infringement on these.
All sizes of Edgers, with two or more Saws, made to order.
Also on hand and for sale at low prices and liberal terms

ENGINES AND BOILERS.
6 new horizontal steam engines of 15 to 100 horse power.
6 second hand steam engines from 4 to 50 horse power.
4 new tubular and 8 new steam boilers, from 6 to 75 horse power.
25 second hand tubular, flue, locomotive and plain cylinder boilers from 3 to 80 horse power.
HINCKLEY & EGERY IRON CO.
Corner Washington and Oak Sts., Bangor, Maine
Bangor, Dec. 30, 1876 d&w

DeWITT HOUSE, Lewiston, Me.
The Proprietors, formerly of the Franklin House, Bangor, having leased this commodious Hotel for a term of years, are now prepared to entertain their old friends and the travelling public generally. The Hotel is pleasantly situated on the Corner of Pine and Park Streets, nearly opposite City Hall, Ring and Post Office, overlooking the Park and forming one of the most beautiful locations in the State. It is also convenient to the principal places of business. It has all the modern conveniences of Steam Bath Rooms, Sample Rooms, Billiard Hall. Also a first class Livery Stable. Carriages are always in waiting to take guests to and from the trains.
ROYAL QUIMBY, }
EBEN MURCH, } Proprietors.
nov27

NOTICE.
The undersigned, having purchased the interest of A. P. CHICK in the firm of CHICK & WILLIAMS, will continue the business of
House Painting, Graining, Glazing and Paper Hanging.
Special attention given to Fresco painting and Imitation of Wood and Marble; also Whitening and Coloring Ceilings and Walls of Churches, Public Halls, Private Residences, &c.
We hope by keeping first-class workmen and giving strict attention to business to merit the patronage of the public.
WILLIAMS & ACKERMAN,
mar7 21 East Market Square.

Copartnership Notice.
The Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of DODGE & CHURCH is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
G. F. DODGE.
M. CHURCH.
mar7

Persons holding Policies in the
CONTINENTAL LIFE INS. COMPANY
will learn something to their advantage by calling at Room No. 10 Wheelwright & Clark's Block.
W. H. MOORE.
Jan11

Eaton Family School for Boys,
AT NORRIDGEWOCK, MAINE.
(Established 1856.)
Offers unequalled advantages for educating boys for business.
For information, Address H. F. EATON, Principal.
aug26

SEAL SACQUES.
We have just received on consignment for a few days, a lot of LADIES' FUR SEAL SACQUES, which we shall sell at a very small advance from the cost to manufacture them.
Please call early and look at them.
BUZZELL & SHAW.
ja16

Real Estate.
For Sale or to Let.
The Lincoln House, Lincoln Village, on reasonable terms. A good opportunity for a live man. Apply to
J. H. FISKE, Proprietor,
Jan 2[illegible], 1877. Lincoln, Me.

For Sale.
Four small Dwelling Houses, on State St., in Brewer, within three minutes walk of the Toll Bridge. Will be sold cheap if called for soon. Apply to W. P. BURR, Agent,
Holyoke square.
Brewer, Dec. 7, 1876. 2tw1f

For Rent.
House with Holly water, No. 6 Clinton St. Possession given April 1st. Inquire of
SAM'L A. FELLOWS.
feb28

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE
For a House and lot in this city a Farm of 100 acres four miles from Dixmont Corner, in Thorndike, one of the best sheep and dairy farms for the [illegible] in town, large House, Barn, with never failing water, good Orchard grafted. Inquire of MR. A. P. GOULD in Bangor, or MR. JOSEPH P. STURGIS, near the place.
m15

LOOKOUT.
GEO. W. ABBOTT & CO.
21 Central Wharf, Boston,
Are Agents for J. G. Dill's favorite brands of TOBACCO, Look Out and Pearl 4 ax. Dill's 12 and 20 oz. of all grades—Navys, Twists, Russell & Robinson, Gold Bars, &c., which we offer for sale to the wholesale trade at factory prices.
GEO. W. ABBOTT & CO.,
feb5 3m* 21 Central Wharf.

NO. 16 MAIN ST.
CLOSING OUT
SALE
FURS, MOCCASINS,
&c., &c., &c.
T. HERSEY.
Bangor, Jan. 16th, 1877.

Forest Tar,
For Throat, Lungs, Asthma, and Kidneys.
Forest Tar Solution,
or Inhalation for Catarrh, Consumption, Bronchitis, and Asthma.
Forest Tar Troches,
or Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Tickling Cough and Purifying the Breath.
Forest Tar Salve,
or Healing Indolent Sores, Ulcers, Cuts, Burns, and for Piles.
Forest Tar Soap,
or Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Skin Diseases, the Toilet and Bath.
Forest Tar Inhalers,
or Inhaling for Catarrh, Consumption, Asthma.
For sale by all Druggists

SIDONIE.
The greatest Novel for years. For sale by
CHAS. HIGHT,
Jn 30 3 Smith Block

Mowing Machine Knives.
Knives, Sections, and Rivets of all kinds. Mowers at Wholesale and Retail. Write for terms.
FRED ATWOOD, Winterport, Me.
[illegible] MWS 2w

"EIGHTTOSEVEN"
To any one, at 6 Hammond Street, opposite Court House, get any article of Jewelry you wish made or repaired in as neat a manner as it can be done this side of the Gulf Stream.
mar EBEN STEVENS

MARK THESE FACTS!
The Testimony of the Whole World.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.
"I had no appetite; Holloway's Pills gave me a hearty one."
"Your Pills are marvellous."
"I send for another box, and keep them in the house."
"Dr. Holloway has cured my headache that was chronic."
"I gave one of your Pills to my babe for cholera morbus. The dear little thing got well in a day."
"My nausea of a morning is now cured."
"Your box of Holloway's Ointment cured me of noises in the head. I rubbed some of your Ointment behind the ears, and the noise has left."
"Send me two boxes, I want one for a poor family."
"I enclose a dollar; your price is 25 cents, but the medicine to me is worth a dollar."
"Send me five boxes of your Pills."
"Let me have three boxes of your Pills by return mail, for Chills and Fever."
I have over 200 such testimonials as these, but want of space compels me to conclude.

For Cutaneous Disorders.
And all eruptions of the skin this Ointment is most invaluable. It does not heal externally alone, but penetrates with the most searching effects to the very root of the evil.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
Invariably cure the following diseases:

Disorder of the Kidneys.
In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water, or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel, or with aches and pains settled in the loins over the regions of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bed time. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means have failed.

For Stomachs out of Order.
No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills; they remove all acidity occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in case of spasm—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and stomach.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are the best known in the world for the following diseases: Ague, Asthma, Bilious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula or King's Evil, Sore Throats, Stone and Gravel, Tic-Douloureux, Tumors, Ulcers, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from any cause, etc.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.
None are genuine unless the signature of J. HAYDOCK, as agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.
⁂ Sold at the manufactory of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY & Co., New York, and by all respectable druggists and dealers in medicine throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.
☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.
Office, 112 Liberty Street, New York.

A. W. WEATHERBEE,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,
LINCOLN, MAINE.
Legal business of all kinds promptly attended to.
[illegible]

Auction Sales.
PEARL & WEBB,
Real Estate Brokers, Auctioneers,
AND GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,
34 West Market Square.
Care taken of Real Estate. Mortgages and Notes Negotiated.

EDWARD LEAVITT,
COMMISSION MERCHANT & AUCTIONEER
No. 12 Central St.
sep6

E. B. PATTEN,
Commission Merchant and Auctioneer
No. 10 West Market Square,
(Next Wheelwright & Clark's Block.)
Sales of Furniture, Carpets, &c., Saturdays. Storage for all kinds of Merchandise and Furniture, at low rates. Offices, Lofts, and Cellar Room to let, at low rates. Real Estate and Personal property sold on reasonable terms.

R. S. PRESCOTT,
Real Estate Broker, Commission Merchant
AUCTIONEER & GENERAL APPRAISER.
No. 14 Central Street

J. B. FOSTER,
AUCTIONEER,
—AND—
Commission Merchant,
No. 6, Foster & Bragg's Block,
PICKERING SQUARE
june12

Question Not Decided.
But the fact is fully established that
FURNITURE
frequently needs repairs, and that it can be done in a way to save money and become "the survival of the fittest," by securing the services of the men of largest experience in the business. The present is the best time to get such work done, as the prices on all kinds of
UPHOLSTERED WORK,
are so low as to astonish the uninitiated. Please call on, or send to H. S. BROWN,
Oct. 11 eod 15 State street.

Owing to the increasing demand for
BLUE GLASS,
I have been obliged to procure a fresh supply. The
HEALING POWER
of this article is unquestioned. Its effects upon animals and plants is wonderful. Call and see it at the store of
E. H. FOGG.
Bangor, Feb. 17, 1877. d&w

FURNITURE
FURNITURE.
THE PLACE TO GET
GREAT BARGAINS
IN
Furniture of all Kinds,
—IS AT—
G. W. MERRILL & CO.'S,
At their New Ware Rooms,
Pickering Block, Main St.
aug7 d&w

STORAGE.
FOR SHINGLES,
SLATE,
CORN,
FURNITURE,
SLEIGHS.
Henry McLaughlin,
FRONT STREET.
mar1

THOSE NEW
MASQUERADE SUITS,
At your own price. Apply to
C. E. LOVELL,
No. 7 Main St.
Jan 23, 1877 TuWThF

AUBURN FOUNDRY COMPANY,
IRON FOUNDERS AND
NICKEL PLATERS,
(Licensed by the United Nickel Co., of New York.)
AUBURN, MAINE.
All Orders will have Prompt Attention.
Jan6 W&S&wly

New Queen Olives,
BY THE QUART OR GALLON,
Just received by
CHAS. DWINEL.

Shaker Apple Sauce,
In small Buckets. For sale by
CHAS. DWINEL,
3 Kenduskeag Bridge.
Bangor, Feb. 6, 1877.

FOR SALE.
STORE AND STOCK OF GOODS,
Four and one half miles from Dexter Depot, which will be sold at a bargain. A good chance is here offered for a young man with small capital. Reason for selling ill health. For further particulars address [illegible] DERRY, [illegible]
feb17 Ripley Mills, Me.

OILS.
Ex. W. Lard, Sperm, Whale,
Pure Cod and W. F. Lub. Oils,
At Lowest Prices.
Frank M. Rowe,
EXCHANGE STREET.

FIRST SORT POTASH
For sale low by
F. M. ROWE.
mar28

Nine Batteaux for Sale.
For the key to the boat house for examination, apply to A. MOOR, Clerk P. L. D. Co.
For price apply to W. B. HAYFORD.
feb21

EASTERN STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.
CASTINE, ME.
The Spring Term will begin TUESDAY, March 13, 1877, and continue 14 weeks. Persons intending to enter the School are requested to send for terms of admission to
G. T. FLETCHER, Principal.

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly, 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion	$1 00
For one square, two insertions	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily	1 50
For one square, one week	2 00
Each week's continuance	75
For half square, one time	75
For half square, three times	1 00
For half square, one week	1 25
Each week's continuance	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times	1 50
Each week's continuance	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.
$2 50 per square for first week—$1 00 per square for continuance.
DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."
☞ Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two thirds price, *two times a week*, one half price, *one time a week*, one-third price.
☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.
☞ All transient advertising must be paid for in advance.
Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for space.

DESCRIPTION OF THE WATER WORKS AT BANGOR, MAINE.

[From the "Engineering News," Chicago.]

These works are situated one and one-half miles from the post-office, in Bangor; and are upon the plan of direct force, known as the Holly system. There are four piston pumps, of twelve inches diameter of cylinder and twenty-seven inches stroke, mounted at the four corners of the base of a heavy cast-iron frame and connected to a crank shaft above. The shaft is carried in boxes on the upper arched portions of the frame, and the two pumps on each side transverse to the shaft are connected to the same crank pin, the piston rods making an angle of 45 with the vertical; the two crank pins, at opposite ends of the shaft, are so disposed that the pumps take suction and discharge at eight equi-distant points for each revolution, securing a uniform flow into the main. Either pump may be disconnected so that one or more may be run at any one time. These are supplemented by an elliptical rotary pump of the capacity of seven gallons per revolution, the whole set is capable of easily supplying five million gallons in twenty-four hours.

The pumps are driven by three American Turbine wheels, made by Stout, Mills & Temple, Dayton, Ohio, eighty-four inches in diameter, working under a varying head of from five to fourteen feet, according to the rise and fall of the tide. Thus far it has only been found necessary to use two of these wheels at once, and then with a gate-age of from one-fourth to one-half their capacity, according to the tide, even in case of the largest fire experienced since the construction of the works. In addition the works contain a compound steam engine, built by the Holly Manufacturing Company, the high pressure cylinder being fourteen inches diameter with a piston travel of twenty-four inches, and the low-pressure cylinder being twenty-one inches diameter and thirty inches stroke. They may both be worked at high pressure when necessary.

This engine is supplied by steam by two horizontal tubular boilers of five feet diameter and fifteen feet long, each having fifty-four three-inch tubes, and set in a room adjoining the engine and pump room, with a smoke-stack outside, seventy feet high. The boiler-room is thirty-nine by forty feet, the pump and engine-room is fifty feet square, and the wheel-house, adjoining the pump-room, on the end opposite the boiler house, is thirty-nine by forty-four feet over the machinery floor, of which a tenement is taken off for the residence of the engineer.

Water is received into the wheel-pit from the head-race through two arches of 150 square feet area, causing the current into the wheels to be very slight, and passes from the pit into the tail race through arches of 150 feet area. The current from the wheels is very much more rapid as the tail race descends rapidly. These arches are so arranged that the water will at all times cover the entire [illegible], thus excluding the cold air and preventing ice forming in the wheel-room or flume. The outer or coarse rack is so arranged that it is entirely below the surface of the water in the pond, thus allowing drifting substances to pass over the dam. The fine rack is so situated that anything that passes the outer rack and the head gates draws by it and passes through the waste way of the flume into the river below; this waste way is intended also to provide for any excess of water that may pass the head-gates. The gates in the wheel cases are controlled by one of Holly's automatic governors, which, by means of belts and gearing, opens them when the pressure is diminishing in the pipes, and shuts them when the pressure is increasing, a very ingenious piece of mechanism and admirable in its operation.

The pressure in the pipes is governed by a safety valve leading from the force main, which valve may be weighted to whatever pressure may be needed. For instance, the domestic pressure is one hundred and ten pounds; if a pressure is needed on high service, say two hundred and thirty feet above the works (or highest service), the engineer has simply to weight the safety valve to its proper requirement and, setting the indicator of the governor at the required pressure, it at once runs up. If the movement be too slow to meet the need for an immediately increased supply of water, it can be expedited by the engineer turning the governor by hand.

Communication is had with the works by means of telegraphic gongs, that the engineer may be informed of any want of increased quantity of water for fire or other purposes.

The water flows from the flume to the filter through a revolving screen of copper wire netting, which catches and passes off into the wheel-pit any saw dust or other small substances that may be held in the water. The filter is of two chambers, each twelve and one-half feet wide by one hundred and fifty feet long. From these the water passes into a filtered water chamber, from which the suction pipes take it to the pumps. The filter bed is composed of brick, gravel and sand, and yields sufficient water to supply the demand of the largest fires. The buildings are heated by steam; therefore, as our boiler is always fired up in winter, if the wheels become clogged with anchor ice, or an accident happens to them, immediate resort may be had to steam power.

The system of mains comprises twenty-one and one-half miles of pipe,—cast-iron, tar-coated,—the force main is sixteen inches in diameter, and extends from the works one mile into the city, at which point it is reduced to twelve inches, having, before reaching that point, been relieved by numerous secondary mains. The distance from the works to the end of the most remote pipe is about two and three-fourths miles. There have been set one hundred and forty-six hydrants, principally of the Holly pattern,—a few Matthews hydrants are in use.

The dam for the water power is at a locality known as Treat's Falls, one and one-half miles from the post office; these falls were simply rapids with a natural descent of about twenty-two inches. The tide has here a mean rise and fall of about twelve feet. The crest of the dam is eight feet above mean high tide, and has an overfall nine hundred feet in length between abutments; the river bottom is of slate ledge, irregular in its contour, with a trend crossing the direction of flow of the river at an angle of about forty-five degrees. The dam is of crib work filled with stone. Into the irregularities of the ledge, timbers were fitted, until the work was brought up to a height to admit of the regular crib work being fitted upon it, the entire structure was thoroughly bolted together with seven-eighths iron bolts, and solidly packed with rubble, common field stone and stone from the river shores; it was then covered with six-inch hemlock plank, the top filled and covered to a depth of from eight to ten feet with gravel and stone.

The dam was commenced at each end and extended into the river by placing tier after tier of logs from the bottom up, until the water at low tide was too deep to permit men to place the logs. The remaining gap, of some three hundred feet, was then carefully sounded out at very frequent intervals, cross-sections of the lock-bottom thus obtained and cribs were built to fit the same. These cribs were as long as the breadth of the dam, some fifteen or twenty feet wide, and came a little above low water level when sunk. They were successively floated to place at high tide, moored in position, adjoining the portion already partly built, and sunk by loading with stone. Jogs or shoulders on the faces in contrast kept the sinking crib in line, while strong tackle drew it firmly against the end of the dam. On the receding of the tide it was filled completely with stone. The entire gap was thus filled with cribs, which came above the low water line on the lower side of the dam. A coffer dam or temporary construction was formed, to stop the flow of water over this portion and cause it to run over the completed part. As the cribs were built hemlock posts 12 x 14, set eight feet from centre to centre, and about six feet from the toe or upstream line of base of the dam, were framed in vertically, in some cases being permanently fastened, and in others being fitted into deep sockets and then removed, to be put in when the dam was so far finished as to require the coffer to be planked up. This space was left to permit the passage of rafts and logs until the water could be turned through the sluice way. The posts were then put in place, the planking put on the upper side, and the coffer was thus completed. This was under difficulties consequent upon a heavy rise in the river, but was successfully accomplished. The space thus laid bare was built up with logs, care being taken to bind the whole well together, and the stone and planking was added. After the dam was completed, the coffer planks were removed and the posts sawed off. The abutments, of granite masonry, are ten feet six inches above the crest of the dam, with provision, in case of an extraordinary rise in the river, to flash boards upon the abutments and wings of two or three feet more. The expense of the dam, abutments and wing walls has been about one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and it is considered one of the most substantial dams in the country.

There is, at the lowest stage of the river, in the summer drought, a nominal horse power of forty-five hundred at mean high tide and at low tide, of eighty-seven hundred; this stage usually lasts but about six weeks in the summer, and occurs in the winter for a shorter period, ordinarily about four weeks. This would give at the respective stages of the tide an effective horse power of about thirty-six hundred and seven thousand. The larger head has a duration of from one-third ebb to two thirds flood or for a space of about eight hours out of the twelve. Only about forty-five horse power is used in driving the pumps for ordinary domestic service. The dam is so built that it can be readily increased in height when greater power is needed to supply factories and mills.

The line of the E. & N. A. Railway passes in the immediate vicinity of the dam and will afford facilities for transportation of freight, without drayage. Boats and sailing vessels of eight or ten feet draft can also come to the works to discharge and receive freight, while twenty or more feet of water is found at the railroad wharves two miles below.

A fishway is being constructed upon the easterly end of the dam adjoining the abutment after plans furnished by C. G. Atkins, Esq., engineer of the U. S. Fishing commission, at an expense of about six thousand dollars. It has the general form of a spiral stair case, and will be ready for service in season for the spring run of fish.

SPRING WORK WITH POULTRY.

Now that the rigor of winter are somewhat relaxed and the earth has cast off her white mantle, hens are very busy peeping into every nook and corner, prating, with joyful anticipations of coming events. In while warming up the enthusiasm of their keeper they seem to be asking for special care and attention. During this interesting season their liege lords pay very strict obedience to all their wants and whims; and strut around them with consequential airs that are not a little amusing to the observer.

The true method of managing all kinds of stock is to take advantage of their natural and assist to the advancement of their keepers' interests. To induce a hen to lay, let the nest be partly shaded. When she wants to sit, if you wish to remove her do it at night and make her surroundings as nearly as possible like those of the nest she laid in. On a farm where there are many nooks and corners, and where the farmer has some one to attend to his fowls, boxes may be put up in a number of places, and the fowls will select and lay, each in her favorite nest, and when the time for sitting has come, each will go to her accustomed nest without much changing or confusion; but where the accommodations are more limited, more attention must be given to the nests.

If several varieties are kept and it is intended to maintain pure breeds, each variety must be kept strictly separate. Should any hens have begun to lay before such separation, then the first ten eggs laid afterwards should not be set, but when the fowls have been separated three weeks, without laying, it is safe to save all subsequent eggs for their purity.

If fowls have liberty, they need not now have warm, soft food. When the snow has disappeared, they will find gravel, seed, a little green food, etc., but should they be confined, the winter's care must, of course, be continued. A lot of oyster-shells, thrown down on a road or yard over which horses travel, is very good for poultry on a farm. Pure water is essential, and should there be any stagnant pools of dirty water about the barn-yard, fill them up immediately. Drinking impure water is a source of disease that should never be tolerated. Animal food should be given until earth-worms make their appearance. Feed liberally with grain and your hens will generously reward your liberality.

H. H.

STATE NEWS.

Cumberland.

Bowdoin College has a famous gallery of paintings. This collection is one of rare beauty and of great value. It was formed by Gov. Bowdoin during his residence in Europe, and numbers many pictures, some of them gems and worthy of a place in any cabinet in the world. Among them is a splendid portrait of Vandyke, and worthy of the great master. It is said that $30,000 has been offered for it. There are also three originals by Rubens, one of which St. Simeon was an object of admiration in London during the last century. It is the identical picture referred to by Sir J. Reynolds, in his lectures before the Royal Academy, and as being one of the finest samples of the great Flemish painter.

Franklin.

The *Chronicle* says that Mr. Elias Eaton of New Sharon, almost upwards of three score, died quite suddenly Tuesday. He had not been well for a week previous; was about his room Tuesday morning, but complained of a severe pain in his head, soon became unconscious, and died in about twelve hours.

The Augusta *Journal* says that Mr. A. R. Simmons of Gardiner, who, has been confined in the jail in Augusta some eight months, sent there by the U. S. District Court at Portland, charged with prostitution of the mails, was Thursday, liberated, having been pardoned by President Grant. His sentence was for nine months.

There are seven hundred and fifty ex-soldiers at the Soldiers' Home, at Chelsea, the largest number ever at the institution.

Knox.

The stockholders of the Knox and Lincoln Railroad held their annual meeting at Rockland, Wednesday, and chose as a Board of Directors F. Cobb and John H. Berry of Rockland, Edward Wilson of Thomaston, Augustus Welt of Waldoboro, D. W. Chapman of Damariscotta, E. Flye of Newcastle, Henry Ingalls of Wiscasset, Edward Sewall and G. M. Patten of Bath. [illegible]

The cities and towns have paid on previous calls $30,000 on account of interest for the ensuing year, and the Directors are of the opinion that the further sum of $30,000 will be required for payment of interest for the year 1877, and that for the payment of interest which will become due January 1, February 1, and March 1, 1878, the additional sum of $30,000 will be required.

Piscataquis.

The *Observer* says that two children of Walter Bray of East Dover, died of diphtheria, one March 8th, and the other March 10th. Mr. Bray, who is suffering fearfully with cancer in the face, is also dangerously ill with diphtheria, and Mrs. Bray is ill of the same disease in a less severe form.

Waldo

At Lincolnville, Wednesday the schooner Arthur Burton, loaded with hay and lime for New Bedford, took fire, and the larger portion of the cargo was consumed.

Mayor Houston of Belfast gave his salary to the poor and distributed it himself.

BANGOR MARKET.

SATURDAY, March 17, 1877.

FLOUR.—While trade is not quoted as at all brisk, yet prices are in full firm, and the sales are still moved without any portion or change of figures. An increased demand would advance prices, while at present there does not seem to be much to indicate a decline.

CORN is selling this week from 70 to 75 cents per bushel.

MEAL.—Corn meal is worth from 70 to 75 cents per bushel—52 pounds.

OATS are selling from the stores at 52 to 55 cents per bushel—30 pounds.

FINE FEED.—Fine middlings are worth from $1 65 to $1 75, coarse to at $1 50 to $1 55, and bran from $1 40 to $1 50 per hundred lbs. Cotton seed meal is selling at $1 70 to $1 75 per hundred lbs.

SALT.—Coarse salt is sold at [illegible] cents per bushel, and Bangor [illegible] salt 28 pound boxes $[illegible] per hundred.

PLASTER is worth $1 25 per bbl.

LIME is worth from 90 to 95 cents per cask.

CEMENT is selling at $1 75 per bbl.

BRICKS.—At this season of the year the demand is generally limited, and stocks [illegible] on the opening of the river [illegible] at present prices are nominal.

PORK is worth from $20 to $22 to [illegible] per bbl according to quality and time of packing.

LARD is worth from 12 to 12½ to 13 cents per pound, according to the quality and size of [illegible] kegs—wood or tin.

HAMS are worth from 12 to 13 cents per pound.

FISH.—Dry Codfish are worth from $4 50 to $5 50 per 100 lbs, according to size and quality, and Pollock from $3 00 to $3 75 per hundred pounds.

SUGAR.—Granulated is worth from 11½ to 12c and extra C do. from 11 to 11½ cents per lb.

CHEESE are selling from the stores at a range of price from 13 to 16, at 17 cents, [illegible]—the latter price for the best quality of Western factories.

DRIED APPLES.—[illegible] are worth from the stores from 9 to 11 cents per pound [illegible].

Produce Market

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures.

A hogshead of salt is all contain eight bushels. The standard weight of a bushel of beans shall be 62 pounds, of potatoes, wheat, beets and peas, 60 pounds, of corn, 56 pounds, of onions, 52 pounds, of carrots, turnip, rye, and Indian meal, 50 pounds, of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds, of oats, 30 pounds, or even measure as by agreement.

The business at our town during the past week has been done both by wheels and runners, but the short distance out into the country there is yet sleighing enough to dispute the approach of spring, and the sleighing is still good. In pleasant weather the market is well attended, quite a trade [illegible] to the consumer [illegible] comparison.

APPLES.—Green apples are [illegible] in fair supply, and the range of figures at which they sell is from $1 75 to $2 25, and the very best varieties at $2 50 per bbl.

BARLEY sells from 60 to 75 cents, according to quality.

BEANS.—The [illegible] of the Western market is [illegible] the last few days, [illegible] to yellow eyes from $1 75 to $1 85, pea [illegible] to $1 [illegible], and [illegible] from $2 00 to $2 25—according to quality.

BUTTER.—[illegible] there has been but very little butter brought into market, which seems to cause an inquiry for good lots, yet the price remains about the same. We should quote lumps as selling [illegible] 20 to 25 cents, and [illegible] may be offered that is good for [illegible] per pound. Solid butter is still [illegible] at 20 to 22 cents, which only [illegible] an extra lot selling at better figures.

CIDER is worth from 20 to 25 cents per gallon, according to quality.

CRANBERRIES are worth from $5 [illegible] per barrel, according to quality, [illegible].

DRIED APPLES are worth on the streets from [illegible], and the very best quality of [illegible] per pound.

EGGS are selling [illegible] the streets at 17 [illegible] per dozen.

FRESH FISH.—Fresh codfish are selling [illegible] to 6 cents per pound. Fresh [illegible] 6 to 8 cents per pound.

FRESH MEATS.—[illegible] from 7 to 10 cents, and [illegible] from 5 to 6 cents per pound. Lambs are selling from 6 to 9 cents, and Mutton from [illegible] cents per pound.

HAY.—On account of the bad travelling [illegible] there has been no very demand during the week, and good, [illegible] best qualities has sold from $10 to $12 and [illegible]. Pressed hay is selling [illegible] from [illegible] $10 to $12, and $15 [illegible].

HONEY, in small boxes, is worth from 20 to 25 cents per pound, and in bulk [illegible] cents.

OATS.—[illegible] the market [illegible].

ONIONS are worth from $2 50 to $3 00 per bbl.

POTATOES are selling in the streets at [illegible] cents per bushel.

POULTRY.—Turkeys are selling from [illegible] to 17 and 18 cents per pound, and chickens from [illegible] to 16 cents.

RYE.—Winter and Spring rye sells on the market from 90 to [illegible] to $1 per bushel.

STRAW.—[illegible] is sold this week at from $7 to $8, and pressed [illegible] $9 to $10 per ton, the latter selling more readily on account of its convenience in handling.

TURNIPS.—Ruta bagas turnips are selling at 40 to 50 cents per bushel, or [illegible] per bbl.

WOOD AND COAL.—[illegible] hard wood is worth from $4 00 to $5 [illegible], and $5 [illegible] per cord, according to quality, and soft do. from $2 00 to $3 per cord. Coal for kitchen and furnace use is now selling at $6 50 to $7 50 per ton.

WOOL, &c.—Fleece wool sells on the market, according to quality and condition [illegible] cents, and washed at 40 cents per pound. Wool skins from 75 cents to $1 00 to $1 25 each. Hides 7 to 8 cents, and calf skins 12 to 15 cents per pound.

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MONDAY, MARCH 19, 1877

SOPHISTRIES OF COWARDICE AND TREACHERY.

Political life has furnished some notable instances of truckling to wrong and treachery to principle, but we believe we hazard nothing in saying that the manner in which a large number of the Republican papers of the country have wheeled at the bare hint of the purpose of a new Administration into an attitude of defiance and contempt of the principles and pledges of the party, and have undertaken to repudiate their own utterances the ink of which is hardly dry in their editorial columns, is without a parallel in our politics. But a few months since and the Republican press of the country were advocating as the leading issue of the campaign the duty of the General Government to protect the equal political rights of its citizens in the South; and it is but a few weeks comparatively since they were denouncing the dull-boyers and revolutionists of South Carolina and Louisiana, demanding Federal interference to protect the ballot-box from the violence of the White Leagues and Rifle Clubs, and urging the Republicans of those States to stand to their colors at the peril of their lives and thus receive the Nation from a great disaster. These faithful men did stand up heroically against such a combination of violence, intrigue, intimidation and attempted bribery, as was never brought to bear upon any men before, they bravely upheld the form and through the verdict of South Carolina and Louisiana Lincoln's prophecy was realized. "That the time would come when the ballot in the hands of the freedmen would save the jewel of liberty for the diadem of the Republic." But no sooner is the victory won than the cold shoulder is turned to those who have won it, the chiefs of the Southern Intimidationists are called into the councils, and it is coolly proposed to recognize them as the proper store of law and order and hand over to their control the loyal majority who in spite of bloody terrorism elected a Republican State Government, with the views of the large three States to the Republican National ticket. We insist that the pledges and treachery cannot be condoned in our political history, as the proposed abandonment of the Republicans of the South by the party which has just been restored to them in its ascendancy of power.

We have not enumerated the multitudinous of papers which we have before us that deal with specifics, but what are now eagerly devouring their own words and substituting the worst of Democratic sophisms. As an example we quote the word and editorial from Friday's Boston *Journal* which seeks to fix simply wretched malice abandonment of principles, disregard of fundamental issues, and abject concession to the ugly, of lawlessness and violence. No reader will believe that such a craven could have found admission to the columns of the *Journal* during those seven weeks in November when the campaign was waging with bated breath the self-assurance of the loyal public as to Democracy and no order will believe that Mr. Stanley Matthews would have indulged in such sentiments proposing to the Governor of Louisiana to call out the contributors to the White Leagues for a Federal office without digging from the *Journal* something more like condemnation than now appears in its columns. Please read the article:

THE LOUISIANA SITUATION.

[From the Boston Journal, March 16.]

The letter of Governor Packard of Louisiana in reply to the suggestion of Stanley Matthews that he abandon his claims to the Executive office of that State, while it is expressive of the thorough sincerity of the writer and his positive conviction that he is the legal Governor of Louisiana, and challenges our respect for his evident purpose to *maintain his rights for the sake of law*, who elected him, unintentionally discloses the defects and the weakness of his administration and of those who succeeded him. Governor Packard is a better man than most of the politicians with whom he is unfortunately associated. During the eight years that he has been prominent in the politics of Louisiana, *no charge has been brought against him*, except that he has always been an extreme partisan. Other men in the State have been guilty of corrupt practices, but Mr. Packard has never been included in the list. This fact Mr. Matthews takes pains to assert in his letter; when he tells Governor Packard that nothing disreputable can be alleged against him." The feeling among those well informed respecting Louisiana affairs is one of sympathy for Governor Packard, and there is a feeling that he deserves a better fate than he is likely to meet, even if he should yield the Executive office through the term of four years.

If Governor expressed no readiness to settle the legal issues which Gov. Packard makes to the office of Governor, he cannot but see that he admits that his acceptance of office depends upon the influence of the Federal Government (4) It is the same old story. For eight years the Republican State Government of Louisiana has been sustained by Federal assistance. That the better men have therefore been advocated in the hope that the party leaders would be able to build up a sentiment which would enable them to satisfy themselves. The party leaders, from many causes, largely of the defective character of the men themselves, have been unable to do so. Now, at the expiration of eight years of this "propping up" policy it must be admitted that it has proved a failure, since Gov. Packard, with all his personal courage and good character is weaker and less able to maintain his authority than either of his predecessors. At best he can be only an Executive in name. He can nominate thirty-five hundred officials in the various parishes, he may be able to enforce the collection of taxes by the presence of Federal troops, but he will be unable to give the people of that distracted state a greater degree of security in life and property than they have experienced under Kellogg and Warmoth, simply because his subordinates will be unable to bring those who violate the laws to justice. (2). Murder can be committed with impunity outside of the limits of the rounds of the Federal cavalry, and midnight violence will continue simply because the officers whom Gov. Packard will appoint will not dare to attempt to bring the disturbers of the peace to justice. (3.) And the people who will be the victims of this lawlessness are those whom he deems it his duty to remain in office to protect. His predecessors have failed to do so; can he hope for a greater measure of success in protecting the colored people when Federal troops are necessary to protect him in the State House?

Is it for the general good to continue that policy which has so signally failed? Is there any reason to believe that Gov. Packard will be able to recover from that weakness which his letter confesses and arrive at a degree of self-assertion where he can make his personal power felt? We confess that there is nothing in the past or the present situation to encourage such an expectation. (4.) Since this policy has neither given security to the people nor brought one of the fruits of good government, is it wise to pursue it longer? This is the question which presents itself to the country and particularly to the Republican Administration.

The reader will please note first that the *Journal* does not question that Packard is legally the Governor of Louisiana, and last it admits that there is no question as to the qualifications of his majority. But it thinks he should be abandoned and attempts to give reasons which we will consider. 1. He ought to step out because Federal aid will be needed to prevent the overthrow of the legal State Government by organized revolutionists. We thought that the protection of State Governments against the lawlessness of a violent minority was one of the duties most plainly recognized in the Republican platform. The logic seems to be that criminals continuously defy the police, hence the remedy is to refuse support to the officers of the law and hand the community over to the control of the outlaws. We fail to appreciate the theory.

2. This is a continuation of the same argument, that as the State Government is resisted by organized violence, it is useless to sustain the lawful authorities, but better to permit the organizers of violence to reign supreme. 3. We are compelled to ask who it is that commits the "murder and midnight violence" in Louisiana, and the *Journal* answers by admitting that it is not Governor Packard and his constituents, but that they are "the victims of this lawlessness." And because the Republican State Government has been unable to fully protect these people from the "murder and midnight violence," it is proposed to give the perpetrators of these crimes full control of the State and look to them for the protection of their victims. The doctrine is monstrous in its absurdity.

4. The concluding paragraph suggests neither more nor less than the inquiry whether it is best to continue the policy of upholding the Constitution of the United States and recognizing and maintaining lawful authority; or whether in view of the perseverance of the disorderly elements in the South it would not be better to let them set up a rule of the minority without regard to the rights of citizenship or any of the requirements of law, and trust to the men which has drenched the soil with the blood of peaceful citizens, to protect the colored people" and promote "the general good." Ordinarily we should expect but one answer from Boston, but just now all considerations of principle, duty, good-faith and patriotic manhood seem subordinated there to the notion that the bull-dozers must be "conciliated" if the Constitution and Equal Rights have to be thrown to the dogs. We again protest against the cowardice and treachery proposed.

Some few of the papers which would see nothing beyond inaugural generalities have been forced to recognize the clearly-defined issue. The report that the President in consultation with such eminent loyalists as Gordon and Hamilton and Nicholls, had determined to withdraw all the Federal troops from the South last week, has startled the N. Y. *Times* into a firmly protest, and we believe that the hauling of such an order will arouse an indignation among the Republican masses of the North that a trimming press will be powerless to stifle its voice. On this subject we do not stop to question the President's motives, for motives count for nothing where great principles are involved, and the withdrawal now of protection from the persecuted loyalists of the South, on whatever pledges from bloody-handed revolutionists, would dishonor the most strenuous appeals which we have made for Republican support in the closing Presidential campaign. A number of our contemporaries which have been severe in censuring the course definitely laid down by the Administration in its Inaugural Address. One of them quotes those two sentences:

The President holds that a moral obligation rests upon the National Government *to employ its constitutional power and influence to establish the rights of the people* who have recently emancipated, *and to protect them in the enjoyment of those rights* when they are infringed or assailed.

Mr. Hayes recognizes the obligation of the Government to base its policy of pacification upon nothing less than the broad ground of "*the complete protection of all its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their constitutional rights.*" Republicans ask no more, and are willing to submit to nothing less.

We ask no more, and are willing to submit to nothing less." Was it not the constitutional right of the citizens of Louisiana to vote for President and Governor? And if so does not "the moral obligation rest upon the National Government to employ its constitutional power and influence to establish the rights of the people who have emancipated," just as strongly in the case of the Governor as they have elected as in the case of their electoral vote which made a Republican President? Governor Packard is as clearly the legal Governor of Louisiana as is President Hayes the legal Executive of the United States, and the proposal to withdraw the Constitutional protection of the National Government and leave him to be overcome by armed and organized revolutionists whose crimes have shocked civilization is one which no Republican journal or speaker would have had the hardihood to advocate during the Presidential campaign. We have changed neither our principles nor our doctrines, but standing by them we stand by the loyal citizens of the South who stood by their colors when the loyal North appealed to them to "Hold the Fort!"

IGNORANCE, OR—WHAT?

The highly exasperated Democratic officials of Bangor are as unfortunate in their dealing with facts as they were unsuccessful in their wrestling with the law concerning the recent alteration of the Ward boundaries. The absurd antics of their attorney and organ and the promptness with which their legal lummaries were snuffed out in Court, stupid hare caught discretion, but some people will not learn, and the men who were sat down on so heavily by the ruling of the law, have hastened to beat their heads against facts in a most astonishing way. At the Democratic gathering in City Hall just prior to the election, Messrs. E. B. Patten, G. L. Boynton, W. T. Pearson, R. S. Prescott, F. M. Laughton, A. M. Roberts and James Tobin, were appointed a committee to draft resolutions, and ex-Mayor Laughton presented their report, which was adopted, containing in the preamble the following statement:

"*Ever since Bangor assumed a City*, forty-three years ago, the Kenduskeag River has been recognized as a natural boundary between the three wards on the West side and the four wards on the East side. In *no single instance* has the convenience of the voters been so far disregarded as to subject a territory on opposite sides of the River in one and the same ward."

That is a very positive statement, and it would be reasonable to suppose that seven prominent Democratic citizens, headed by an ex-Mayor, should know something of the facts. But the facts seem to contradict their statement in a very emphatic manner, as will be seen by the following description of the boundaries of Ward One, established in 1834, when "Bangor was made a city," and continued for twelve years, or until 1846:

WARD ONE. Beginning at the Ferry at foot of Union street, and thence running up said street to Main street, to and over the [Kenduskeag] Bridge, and up said street to Stetson Square, and thence through Stetson Square and Oak street to Penobscot River, and thence down said river to the Ferry, the place of beginning.

In the same original establishment of ward boundaries Ward Five also embraced territory on both sides of Kenduskeag Stream, and these boundaries were not changed until 1846. In view of these facts the emphatic statement of the Democratic committee warrants the inquiry for the head of this article, "Ignorance, or what?"

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR A SUPREME JUDGE.

[From the Chicago Inter-Ocean.]

The Washington *Republican* urges the appointment of ex-Judge Campbell to the Supreme Bench, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Mr. Justice Davis. Following is one of the *Republican's* arguments in support of its candidate:

Judge Campbell resigned his position on the Supreme Bench on the breaking out of the rebellion and joined the Confederacy. He has been practising law in New Orleans since the surrender, and was one of Tilden's counsel before the Electoral Commission. His mental faculties are somewhat impaired by age, but his political disabilities have been removed.

In his letter of acceptance of the Cincinnati nomination to the Presidency, the late Mr. Greeley rewrote the platform, putting it into more graphic and more terse phraseology. We propose to rewrite the argument of the *Republican* in support of the appointment of Judge Campbell. 1. At the breaking out of the rebellion in 1861, Judge Campbell was upon the Supreme Bench, but, desiring to destroy the Government he had sworn to support, he resigned and rebelled. 2. After he was whipped and the Confederacy instead of the Union was destroyed, he resumed the practice of his profession at New Orleans. 3. During the period of reconstruction and re-association he persistently opposed all the national measures of reconstruction, and supported the party of assassination. 4. In the late Presidential campaign he espoused the candidacy of the representative of Tammany Hall, Samuel J. Tilden, and appeared before the high joint commission as the special advocate of his cause after it was known that he had attempted to bribe an elector and scheme to steal the electoral vote of a State. 5. He is unfit to discharge the duties of the office of Supreme Judge, by reason of his great age and the consequent impairment of his mental faculties, but, his political disabilities having been removed, there is no legal bar to his acceptance of the position, and it is argued he might well be appointed as a means to the desired end of dividing the white vote of the Southern States.

The appointment of Judge Campbell would certainly be a novelty in the practice of the government in regard to the judiciary department. It would be a novelty to appoint a man to the Supreme Bench because he had argued the cause of the most unscrupulous and desperate organizer of election frauds known to the annals of Presidential canvassers. It would be a novelty to place on the Supreme Bench a man who it is to be presumed believes that the constitutional amendments are frauds upon the Constitution, and, therefore, null and void. Above all, it would be a novelty to place a man upon the Supreme Bench for purely political reasons, with the sole purpose of influencing the vote of a section of the country. It is said that somebody has had the audacity to present the claims of Judge Campbell for reappointment to President Hayes. The President probably concealed his indignation under a downcast of countenance, but, doubtless, he recalled the circumstances of Judge Campbell's retirement from the high station he now seeks, and, doubtless, he reflected that a more improper thing could scarcely be done than to reappoint him to the office he once so ignobly disgraced.

The New York *Tribune* now throws up its hat and boasts that the Administration and policy of President Hayes are the triumph of the Greeley-Democratic campaign of 1872. With unconcealed exultation it shouts:

The 1877 rounds out, completes, and vindicates 1872. The temporary President of the Cincinnati National Liberal-Republican Convention of 1872, has just been elected in the Senate from Ohio by the personal representative and spokesman of the President. The permanent President of those same mobs has recently been made Secretary of the Interior. Altogether the Liberals of 1872 seem to be getting on pretty well at present.

Well, they do seem to be "getting on pretty" well for gentlemen who were trying to smash the Republican party in the campaign of 1872.

THE LOUISIANA USURPATION.

AN APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES FROM THE WHITE REPUBLICANS—A RECITAL OF THE INSURRECTIONARY ACTS OF THE DEMOCRATS—JUSTICE ASKED.

The following is a synopsis of the address adopted by a meeting of the white Republicans of Louisiana which was held Thursday, March 15:

An appeal of the Republicans of Louisiana to the citizens of the United States:—

We the undersigned, representing the Republican citizens of Louisiana, in our democratic appeal to the citizens of the loyal States to raise their voice and demand a speedy relief to protect us in the enjoyment of the sacred right to be governed by officers elected by a majority of the legal votes of the State. Intimidation, violence, outrages and murders perpetrated upon Republicans in different parts of the State by the White League Democracy, are now matters of notoriety throughout the civilized world. Their policy has been to mislead the people in other States by reporting daily what is known to be false; that they have control of the whole of the territory except an area of ground in New Orleans, and that their authority is alone recognized throughout the State, and they ask to be let alone in order that the people may enjoy local self-government. The facts are that an illegal and armed military organization threatens the existence of the lawful Government. Instead of Governor Packard's authority being acknowledged only at the St. Louis Hotel, it is recognized in the greater part of the State outside of New Orleans. In at least 28 parishes or counties of the State Republican officers were elected and have been in exercise of their functions, and they everywhere recognize Gov. Packard as Governor of the State. Thirteen out of seventeen District Judges outside of New Orleans were elected by the Republicans, and they have ordinarily recognized Gov. Packard's authority. The outside insurgents boast that they will force the Government of the United States to abandon Packard, and thus disregard its sacred obligations to the State, or else establish a military government. If the President yields to this threat it will be only to encourage rebellion against the laws. The question involved here is a question of fact and of law, and not of sentiment. There can be but one lawful Governor in a State, and which one has a right to assert its authority is the bounden duty of the President to establish the peaceful assistance to which he is entitled. It had been hoped that the people would pay their taxes cheerfully to Republican officers. The truth is that not one of the appointees can lawfully collect any taxes because they have not the tax rolls and books, which are collectable at once have to be indorsed by the State Treasurer, who holds office from the 1874 election, and will not recognize Mr. Nicholls's appointees. The funds raised by them will be used by agents of deposed officials for the purpose of bribing, or forced loans.

We appeal, therefore, to our fellow-citizens of the loyal States not to heed the slanders published against us, and to exert their influence to hasten the assistance which should have come to us upon the wings of lightning. Justice delayed is often times justice denied. In conclusion, we respectfully but earnestly ask as we have a right to demand, that the hand of justice be speedily extended to the lawful Government in Louisiana, to the end that the Republicans of this State may not be forced to follow the example of the Nicholls party, and attempt to settle legal questions by the use of the rifle and cannon.

W. H. DAUGHADAY,
Chairman of Committee.

Special Notices.

ST. ANDREW'S LODGE.

Monday Evening, March 19.

There will be a Special Meeting of St. Andrew's Lodge, No. 58, F. and A. M., MONDAY EVENING, at Masonic Hall, at 7 o'clock.

Brethren are invited to attend.

MUSIC HALL.

The Second of the Tuesday Evening Soirees Musicales.

March 20th.

Course Tickets, $2 50, to be had of Wetherbee McDonald's and at Brown & Sawtelle's Music Store.

J. A. COOMBS,
Agent.

UNDRESSED KID GLOVES!

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!

ONLY A LIMITED NUMBER!

—AT—

JACOB STERN & CO.

LADIES', MISSES & CHILDREN'S

MERINO UNDER GARMENTS

Very Much Less Than Cost.

Jacob Stern & Co.

Maine Central Railroad.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Maine Central Railroad will be held at Augusta, March 20th, 1877.

Regular Passenger Train leaves Bangor for Augusta at 9.30 A. M., arriving there at 11.45.

Returning, leaves Augusta at 1.30 P. M., arriving in Bangor at 4.50.

Stock Books will be closed from date of meeting, until 10 A. M. March 21st.

Tickets will be sold from this office, exhibiting their Certificates to the conductor.

By order of the Directors.

PAYSON TUCKER, Sec'y.

Portland, March 15, 1877.

W. F. Shepard, M. D.

Office No. 34 Main St.

Residence No. 20 Fourth Street.

EIGHTH UNIVERSALIST SOCIABLE,

AT MUSIC HALL,

On Monday Evening, March 19.

Refreshments, Dancing, &c.

Tickets for sale at the Store of Messrs. A. E. Paine & Co., and at the door. Gents 50 cts. Ladies 25 cts.

ANDREWS' ACADEMY.

The Third and Last of the Thursday Evening Parties will be on THURS DAY, March 22. The programme will consist of Miscellaneous Dances, Lancers, &c. "The Cotillion" will positively not be danced on Wednesday.

Per Order.

NOTICE.

The Pews in the Hammond Street Church will be sold at Auction

Monday Evening, March 19th.

The house will be open in the afternoon from 2 until 5, and in the evening at 7 sale to commence at half past seven.

Per order of Parish Committee.

A. L. BOURNE, Treasurer.

OTIS GILMORE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

No. 9 Hammond Street.

Residence, BREWER.

THE "HEALTH LIFT."

Is permanently established in Bangor at

21 Main Street.

You have now no excuse for being bulkish, complaining of sick headaches, and poor health generally. You can call and see about it. Choose Command see about it. Investigations free. Office hours from 10 to 12 and 3 to 6.

CLOSING OUT!

The Largest Stock of

Pianos, Organs and Melodeons

ever sold at Boston at lower prices than ever before offered

READ THIS.

New Elegant Rosewood Case 7-1 Octave Square Grand Piano,

Only $225, fully warranted.

Parties thinking of buying or renting will save money by calling at once, as we have a few Elegant New Pianos and Organs that will be sold less than cost to reduce our Stock before moving in our new Store.

PATTEN & WHEELDEN, Agts.

MME. BOURDON

Gives instruction in the French Language, and Literature, at No. 6 Everett Street, and also gives lessons of pupils at residence.

Drawing Class continues as before.

MRS. W. F. SHAW

Will give instruction in Dr. Stratton's approved method of Voice Building.

RESIDENCE—34 SUMMER STREET.

WENDELL PHILLIPS!

A chance for every one to hear the

Greatest of Living Orators.

—IN—

NORUMBEGA HALL,

TUESDAY EVENING, Mar. 20,

on his return from a tour in the Provinces.

SUBJECT

"Labor, Temperance & Women."

TICKETS 25 AND 35 CENTS

For sale at D. Bugbee & Co's, on and after Friday morning, March 16th.

WENDELL PHILLIPS

will lecture in

EMERY HALL, BUCKSPORT,

Wednesday Evening, March 21.

SUBJECT—THE LOST ARTS.

Dr. CYRUS HAMLIN

OF CONSTANTINOPLE,

will lecture at

City Hall, Monday Evening, Mar. 19,

at 7½ o'clock, on

The Eastern Question.

Tickets can be obtained at the Bookstores and at the door. Admission twenty five cents.

A VARIETY.

We are now selling a variety of BRANDY, the C. D. Pease, W. P. Richardson, Wm. Bourne Alan, ORGANS, the Mason & Hamlin, Chand & Co., New England, Geo. Woods, and the Worcester.

Also, Groves, Woods and Mason & Hamlin Pianos in Ebonized.

BROWN & SAWTELLE.

75 Main street, Bangor, Me

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby cautioned against giving credit to any Kit in the name of the subscriber, as I shall pay no bills of my Street Commissioner.

Mail Contractors.

Will receive sealed proposals at the Passenger Station, Bangor, until 9 o'clock

THURSDAY, March 29th,

for the transportation of the Mails of the United States, on the route from Bangor to Whitneyville, Me.

LADIES WANTED.

A few respectable Ladies can find pleasant, honorable and profitable employment at their homes, or elsewhere, by applying to Mrs. Chamberlain, at Mrs. Sawyer's, 3d Chamber, 3d St., City.

W. R. McQUOWN,

Teacher of VIOLIN and PIANO,

Would like to teach some advanced Piano pupils in CLASSIC MUSIC, Sonata Playing, Violin and Piano duets, &c. Will guarantee to improve the scholar in the shortest possible time and a proper connection with one of the best composers.

Orders may be left at the Bangor House.

LUMBERMEN & RIVER DRIVERS.

I have a large stock and am constantly manufacturing Small Oars, Halfing Oars, Paddles, Spiles and Short Cant Dog Stocks, Ash, Spruce, and Maple Pole and setting Poles, of a superior quality, which I can warrant not to break on a drive. Also have on hand a large supply of Long Cant Dog Stocks, suitable for Mills, which I am selling very low. All orders promptly attended to.

SIMEON FREEMAN.

Oldtown, Jan. 10, 1877.

STEIERT BROS.

FLORISTS.

Green Houses 3070 Washington St., Eggleston Sq., Boston.

Salesroom at Bradbury's Drug Store, 443 Washington, Corner of Winter St.

Orders received for Cut Flowers, Bouquets, Wreaths, Crosses, Floral Designs, &c., &c.

I. W. COOMBS

Is offering great Bargains in

HAMBURG EDGINGS,

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,

COLLARS AND CUFFS.

Has a full line best quality

KNITTING COTTON.

Also Koop's partly made DRESS SHIRTS. Only one quality, the very best

STOCK & FIXTURES

Of a Fruit, Confectionery, Pipe, Cigar and Tobacco store,

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.

G. L. DURHAM,

Hay and Block, Kenduskeag Bridge.

House for Rent.

No. 22 Court Street. Enquire of DR. HAMLIN.

WANTED

At the Office, two copies of the Bangor Weekly Courier No. 29, for which a liberal price will be paid.

For First Class Fire, Life & Accident INSURANCE,

Call on PEARL & WEBB, No. 22, West Market Square.

CITY OF BANGOR

$500 and $1000

BONDS,

FOR SALE AT

FARMERS NATIONAL BANK.

D. W. MAXFIELD,

DENTIST.

Office No. 21-2 Strickland's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor, Maine.

Ether administered when desired, and all work warranted.

JAMES B. BARNABY,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR,

NOS. 5 AND 6 RINES' BLOCK,

(Up one flight.) Main Street.

Cutting and Making and Repairing done as satisfactorily as ever before.

MR. CHARLES FLAMANT,

Prof. of French Language and Literature,

Residence Bangor House.

Private lessons given at residence of pupils.

THE CENTRAL STREET Auction Room

Is permanently established in the above place for the sale of Furniture and Carpets at Auction or private sale. Goods will be taken from the store on Travis' orders at No. 10 Central Square and delivered.

EDWARD LEAVITT, Auctioneer.

March 25, 1875.

For Rent.

A desirable Tenement, on Third floor over Dolan, Inquire at Salisbury Store of C. W. Goding, 10 Main Street.

Valuable House and Lot

FOR SALE.

HOUSE NO. 21 Somerset Street, owned and occupied by the subscriber. Enquire of premises, or

S. W. LORD.

$500 REWARD.

A reward of five hundred dollars will be paid for information which shall be sufficient to procure the conviction of any person guilty of setting the cemetary fire in this city the present municipal year, the same to be paid upon the conviction of the incendiary.

WM. B. HAYFORD, Mayor.

Bangor, Dec. 6, 1876.

Bangor City Bonds

Six and Seven per cent Bonds of the City of Bangor.

(Water and Railroad Loans.)

For sale at the office of the City Treasurer

For 50 Years

The VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM of Cutler Bros. & Co., Boston, Stands unrivalled for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. Sold by Druggists and Apothecaries generally.

WE ARE SELLING BANGOR CITY BONDS

Down SIX Per Cent. Bonds

FOR INVESTMENT;

City and Town Bonds

Coupons and Canadian Currency

Cold Coin, Coupons and Bills Bought.

BOWLER & MERRILL, BANKERS,

And Proprietors of the Bangor Savings Bank, Bangor.

No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor, Me.

DIED.

In this city, March 17th, Alice L. Noyes, aged 6 days.

Funeral services from his late residence, 99 Union Street, Tuesday at 2 o'clock P. M. Friends invited.

In Sheboygan, Wis., March 7th, Mrs. Charlotte A. Moody, wife of Rev. Andrew Moody of the Wisconsin Conference of the M. E. Church, formerly of this city, aged 39 years.

In Lewiston, 16th inst., Harry Austin, youngest son of E. W. Goud, aged 11 years, 7 months and 16 days.

List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post Office at Bangor, for the week ending March 17, 1877. Persons calling for any of the following letters will please say they are advertised, and give the date of the list.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Beasley, William A Co
Bird, James
Bisbee, H. N.
Campbell, J.
Coleman, Wm & Co's
Dacy, Martin
Davis, Peter J.
Dunfords, S. C.
Ellis, Wm.
Flanders, Albert
Gould, Austin P.
Gregory, Frank
Hall, W. P.
Hall, Charles
Lovejoy, W. H. & Son
Mayberry, Geo. W. & Co
Merry, Charles
Mitchell, Joseph
Nelson, Charles
Perry, Isaac
Pinkham, Wm. H.
Rockwell, Jas. S.
Rogers, Miss Ella
Smith, Mrs. Annie
Thompson, Wm.
Wilson, Mrs. Sarah
Wood, Mrs. Mary J.

LADIES' LIST.

Haynes, miss L. A.
Hall, Mrs. Mary E.
Jay, mrs. M.
Jones, Sadie Ann
Mason, miss Ada
Mason, miss Ada
Mc Cluskey, miss E. Jane
North, miss George
Nye, miss Lizzie
Sayward, miss Annie M.
Smith, miss Mary
Sullivan, miss Ellen
Sullivan, miss Ellen
Thompson, miss Mary O.
Tasker, Nelson J.

A. B. FARNHAM, P. M.

SPRING STYLE

Hats & Caps

AT CURTIS'

NO. 2 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

All the Latest Styles

Received Every Week

and Selling Low.

Please examine our stock before purchasing.

For Rent.

STORE AND PITCHES,

On Corner Centre and Hammond Streets, Occupied for the last fifteen years as a Meat and Grocery Store. No better location in the city. Also four Tenements, suitable for families, rented together or separate. Possession given April 1st. Apply to SARAH W. WEBB, No. 22 West Market Square, and 3 Hancock Street.

For Rent.

STORE AND PITCHES,

On Corner Centre and Hammond Streets, Occupied for the last fifteen years as a Meat and Grocery Store. No better location in the city. Also four Tenements, suitable for families, rented together or separate. Possession given April 1st. Apply to SARAH W. WEBB, No. 22 West Market Square, and 3 Hancock Street.

House for Sale.

A two story House, 35 feet front, with L and Stable, on Cedar street, Bangor. Possession given immediately.

J. C. WHITE.

BUSINESS!

20 Bales and Cases of Bleached and Brown Cottons. Readfield Woolens. Black Silks.

—AT—

JOSEPH F. SNOW'S.

AUCTION SALE.

A large and desirable stock of Dry Goods in the store of E. C. NICHOLS & CO., will be sold at Auction, commencing at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M., and continuing every day thereafter until sold.

This is not a Sheriff's sale, Bankrupt sale or Sheriff's sale, and the goods will be sold without reserve or limit, to the highest bidder.

Choice Dress Goods, Black & Colrd Silks, Lace Points & Jackets, Linen Goods, Cottons, Prints, Cassimeres, Black Alpacas, Hosiery,

At the fact the entire stock must be sold.

There will be a half per cent. Gift to each purchaser.

Any one to whom these goods may be offered will be given the opportunity of examining them, as the goods will be sold to the highest bidder.

EDWARD LEAVITT, Auctioneer.

E. C. NICHOLS & CO.,

9 Main Street, Bangor, Maine.

GREAT BARGAINS for our CUSTOMERS

In Black Silks and Black Cashmeres.

R. P. STONE, 6 & 8 EAST SIDE MAIN ST.

Rent Wanted.

$200.

HENRY F. MILLER PIANO, 7 Octave

OMNIBUS

With wheels and a cushion to sit on.

STODDARD & BUTLER.

GOOD CHANCE FOR BUSINESS.

Foundry and Machine Shop,

MILK WARMERS.

4 Smith Block---N. S. HARLOW.

SPECIAL BARGAIN.

ONLY Three $3.00 Dollars

ONLY Three $3.00 Dollars

ONLY Three $3.00 Dollars

ONLY Three $3.00 Dollars

F. P. WOOD'S,

2 Kenduskeag Block.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

—IN—

Men's Calf Boots.

ONLY THREE DOLLARS A PAIR.

WOOD'S SHOE STORE.

FLOUR.

Having the agency for the sale of Colby's Celebrated brand of Winter "SILVER FLAKE" I am now prepared to sell it at Wholesale and Retail. Those wanting a superior Family Flour, at a moderate price will do well to examine this floor. Also a large lot of

CORN & SHORTS.

direct from the West, for sale low by

A. H. JONES,

43 West Market Square.

E. C. BRETT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Wheelwright & Clark's Block,

ROOM No. 3.

Those in want of DOG COLLARS will find an extensive assortment at

RAMSDELL & NEAL'S

Harness and Trunk Store,

BANGOR, ME.

License Your Dogs.

Dog License Blanks, combined with Record,

FOR SALE BY

D. BUGBEE & CO.

NOTICE.

This is to give notice that I forbid all persons trusting my wife on my account without a written order from me after this date.

GEORGE H. HOLMES, Boston, Mass.

Boston, March 16, 1877.

House for Sale.

R. P. STONE, 6 & 8 EAST SIDE MAIN ST.

Trusses! Trusses!

4 Smith Block---N. S. HARLOW

SYRINGES.

ALL KINDS—LOW PRICES.

4 Smith Block---N. S. HARLOW.

SPRING OPENING!

Purifiers, Tonics, Alteratives,

AT HARLOW'S DRUG STORE

4 Smith Block---N. S. HARLOW.

LOST.

For Rent.

3,000 BUSHELS

CHOICE WHITE OATS.

B. W. GUBTIL.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

Colgate & Co.'s STERLING SOAP.

ECONOMICAL, LABOR-SAVING, AND PERFECT SATISFACTORY.

AT A MODERATE PRICE.

A TRIAL WILL DEMONSTRATE ITS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

THE BEST

PORTO RICO MOLASSES!

65 cents a Gallon, at

MAYO & APPLETON'S.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

—OF—

LADIES' TIES

—AT THE—

Boston Button Store

Another lot of those Best

JOSEPH KID GLOVES.

At 85 cents per pair.

Men's Colored Shirts only 85 cts.

Men's White Shirts, $1.00 & 1.50.

P. K. Aprons only, 25 cts.

Neck Ruchings of different styles.

Extra nice Emb'd Corsets, $1.00.

Nice Woven Corsets, 43 cts.

Back Combs, Very Cheap.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES

Shirt Fronts Cheap.

Silk Handkerchiefs for 25 cts.

Wallets, Hair Brushes, Combs, Pin rings, Hamburgs, Beaded Bags, Fancy Goods of all descriptions, at very low prices.

—AT THE—

BOSTON BUTTON STORE.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

THE PORTLAND COLLECTORSHIP

Congressman Reed's Statement

NEW YORK, March 16. The following [illegible] from Representative Reed of the [illegible] District is published:

WASHINGTON, March 16th, 1877.

My Dear Mr. Morrill:—An erroneous [illegible] sent hence [illegible] New York [illegible] leads me to say that as the [illegible] representative of the Portland District I requested of the President at your appointment as Collector of Customs for [the] port, and that I determined to make [the] request as soon as I learned [that] you would accept the position. It is needless to [say] that neither I nor any other member of the Maine delegation submitted or suggested to the President the name of any other person, and equally needless to say that the President responded to my request with a prompt cordiality which testified his high respect for you, and which [illegible] under the sense of personal obligation. It is but just to him to add that [illegible] to making your appointment [illegible] the personal interview with the [illegible] his prompt [illegible] I went [illegible] with the Secretary of the Treasury and all previous consultations on [illegible] that the most cordial co-operation of Senator Blaine and my colleague, the Hon. Hon. Eugene Hale.

Yours very truly,
THOMAS B. REED.

To Hon. M. Morrill, Washington, D. C.

MARINE DISASTER.

[illegible] March 17. The schooner [illegible] Woodruff, Lewis master, of and [illegible] collided with [illegible] rocks, dragged [illegible] Island, Cape Porpoise [illegible] night of the 16th and lies [illegible] water [illegible] deck load of shook [illegible] lost. No insurance [illegible] Hobson, Wis [illegible]

FROM SKOWHEGAN

Attempted Suicide

SKOWHEGAN, March 17. [illegible] morning [illegible] o'clock an unsuccessful attempt at [illegible] made by a tramp cutting his [illegible] throat [illegible]

OBITUARY

Edwin Rose, Esq.

[illegible] March 17. Edwin Rose [illegible] prominent Democratic politician [illegible] years Clerk of Courts in this [illegible] county, died to-night.

FROM LEWISTON

The Frye Banquet

[illegible] March 17. The compliment[ary dinner] to Congressman Frye last [illegible] until midnight and was [illegible] successful affair of the kind ever [illegible] Mr. Frye spoke [illegible] interesting account of [illegible] Washington [illegible] politically on [illegible] Hayes civil service [illegible] his earnest support [illegible] policy. [illegible] were also made by ex-Governor [illegible] Judge Walton, Mayor Russell, [illegible] and others.

FROM MACHIAS

Dwelling Burned

MACHIAS, March 17. [illegible] burned last night. [illegible] $3000, [illegible]

FROM AUGUSTA

Municipal Officers

AUGUSTA, March 18. At the Republican [illegible] to nominate city officers [illegible] Samuel W. Lane, Marshal, F. [illegible] Supervisor of Schools, Geo. [illegible] Assessors, J. S. Turner [illegible] City Physician [illegible] Chief Engineer of Fire Department [illegible] W. B. [illegible]

Temperance

[The] sixth quarterly session of the Kennebec County Catholic Temperance Union [was] held here yesterday and was well attended. [illegible] Joshua Nye [illegible] Society is in a flourishing condition, doing an excellent work.

FROM BIDDEFORD

St. Patrick's Day

BIDDEFORD, March 17. St. Patrick's [Day] was quietly celebrated by our [illegible] There was no procession [illegible] celebrated at his church [Immac]ulate Conception by Father [illegible] assistants, Father Goodwin [illegible] lecture.

Incendiarism

[illegible] and barn of Alonzo E. [illegible] near Waterboro Centre have [been burned] to the ground. Cause incendiary. [Ins]ured for $100, which will not [cover] the loss.

POSTAL CHANGES

WASHINGTON, March 17. Among the [pos]tal changes are the following: Office established at Indian [illegible] county, C. F. Richardson [illegible] postmasters appointed: A. H. [illegible] Appleton, Knox county; Mrs. [illegible] Leighton, Somerset county; [illegible] Hall, East Otisfield, Cumberland county; Geo. S. Wing, Katahdin Iron Works; Samuel Raynes, North Carmel; [illegible] Landfield.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

WASHINGTON NEWS AND GOSSIP.

FRED DOUGLASS' APPOINTMENT CONFIRMED.

The Senate Adjourned Sine Die.

New York Herald Specials.

NEW YORK, March 17. (Washington [special] to the Herald.) A man named [illegible] demanding contributions made by [illegible] in the War Department for last fall's [campai]gn fund. He has a desk in the War Department.

William Stone, nominated for United States District Attorney for South Carolina, was a member of the late Board of State Canvassers and is still in contempt [for] refusing to obey the Supreme Court [illegible] nomination will probably not be confirmed.

The Removal of Troops South

([illegible] special.) The President and [illegible] after the Senate adjournment, will [addre]ss themselves to the examination of [the] changes to be made in important offices. It is very probable that early next week the removal of troops in New Orleans and Columbia will be ordered. If [the]re follows the troops will return and [the] administration policy will be changed immediately.

Mr. Morton will retain the chairmanship of the Election Committee, declining the chairmanship of the Foreign Relations.

The Herald on Fred Douglass' Appointment.

The Herald editorially says the President's first mistake was in nominating Fred Douglass for Marshal of the District of Columbia. He should have nominated him for Collector of the port of Boston.

Rumor that Packard will be Recognized Monday.

NEW YORK, March 17. A New Orleans special says that in caucus Friday a despatch was read purporting to be from the Attorney-General telling Packard to stand firm and his recognition would come on Monday. The Democrats fully expected some Cabinet action upon the question of withdrawing the troops and are greatly disappointed.

Douglass Confirmed.

In the Executive session of the Senate to-day there was a debate of an hour and a half concerning the nomination of Fred Douglass to be United States Marshal for the District of Columbia. Mr. Conkling made a speech in favor of the confirmation and Whyte was prominent of the few against it. Arguments advanced by the opposition were addressed solely to the business qualifications of Douglass for this particular appointment and special stress was laid upon the fact that the Bar Association opposed his confirmation on the ground that in their opinion he could not successfully administer the affairs of office. The nomination was, however, confirmed by a yea and nay vote by five or six majority. No Republican voted against it and Messrs. Gordon, Hill, Beck and Garland with one or two other Democrats voted for its confirmation. It is understood that Lamar who was absent on account of illness would have also voted for it.

FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS—Special Session

Senate

WASHINGTON, March 17.

After a lengthy discussion the Senate, yeas 29, nays 8, adopted a resolution authorizing a sub-committee of three of the Committee on Elections to visit Oregon during recess if they deem it expedient and examine the charges against Grover.

A resolution to print 10,000 extra copies of the report of the Monetary Committee was adopted.

The Senate went into Executive session and when the doors were reopened President Wheeler responded to complimentary resolutions and then declared the Senate adjourned sine die.

THE CHINESE SLAUGHTER.

THE EXCITEMENT AT CHICO.

A VIGILANCE COMMITTEE.

Threatening Letters to Employers of Chinamen

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17. A Chico despatch says great excitement is prevailing there from the fact that a number of citizens this forenoon received threatening letters through the Post Office reading as follows:

Get rid of your Chinese help within 15 days or suffer the consequences.

An officer received notice warning him that if he attempted to discover who killed Chinamen he himself would be killed. This is communicated by [illegible] Vigilance Committee. The reward offered is [illegible] $3500.

Two young men were arrested [illegible] [illegible] circumstances point [illegible] [illegible] Their trial is [illegible]

THE WEATHER.

[illegible] Washington, D. C., March 19 (1 A. M.)

Indications.

For New England [illegible] with [illegible] followed during the day by [illegible] temperature, [illegible] weather and possibly snow.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES

An old man named Springman came to Washington Friday to be inaugurated as President. He was sent to the Insane Asylum Saturday, making the fifth so far this session [illegible].

A despatch from Denver [illegible] [illegible] He will die bravely. His wife Rachel, however, it is reported, declared that he will not be executed by the officers. If she [has] to shed his blood herself.

The Senate Election Committee have chosen Messrs. Morton, McMillan and Saulsbury to investigate the charges against Grover of Oregon.

A London special says that the Irish Catholic Bishops are vigorously agitating for a plan of national education which will place the education of the whole Catholic youth of the country completely under their control.

It is announced that the Mormons having been supplied with funds by Brigham Young are to build a temple in New York.

Pinchback has been expelled from the Republican State Central Committee [illegible]

The Senate adjourned Saturday without electing a President pro tem. Senator Ferry [illegible] having vacated the position by his continued absence.

A despatch from Columbus, Ohio, says Pendleton will probably receive the Democratic nomination for U. S. Senator from Ohio, which, however, is merely complimentary.

Anxiety is felt for steamer Chester which left New York in December for San Francisco and is now overdue [illegible] in Chili.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, March [illegible]. Money closed at [illegible] per cent.

[illegible] STERLING EXCHANGE closed at [illegible]

[illegible] closed at [illegible]

U. S. [illegible] coupon, Jan 1 & July 1	[illegible]
[illegible] (coup) May 1 & Nov 1	[illegible]
[illegible] coup Jan 1 & July 1	[illegible]
[illegible] (coup Jan 1 & July 1)	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] coup Mar 1 & Sept 1	[illegible]

(Above [illegible] include the accrued interest.)

New York Produce Market

NEW YORK, March 17. Flour is dull—sales [illegible]; Superfine [illegible] and State [illegible] extra Ohio [illegible] white wheat western [illegible]

WHEAT is dull [illegible] sales [illegible] Milwaukee [illegible] Spring [illegible] Chicago.

CORN is [illegible] mixed [illegible]

OATS firmer—sales [illegible] bushels—Mixed Western and State [illegible]

[illegible]

PORK—new mess [illegible]

BEEF is [illegible]

LARD prime steam 9 65.

FREIGHTS TO LIVERPOOL easier.

Chicago Produce Market

CHICAGO, March 17. Flour is unchanged. Wheat lower—No. 2 Spring [illegible]

OATS higher—No. 2, [illegible]

Business Items

When life is embittered by the sufferings from Dropsy, Bright's Disease, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, Mental and Physical Debility, take HUNT'S REMEDY. Incontinence and Retention of Urine, Diabetes, Gravel, Loss of Vitality, Excesses, Intemperance and General Debility, are surely cured by HUNT'S REMEDY.

INFALLIBLE EYE WASH is not injurious.

mar13 eod&w1w

TRUE ECONOMY is not in buying the lowest price articles. The best is cheapest. So with the fine cultivated and plantation grown spices imported by Messrs. Pinckney, Jackson & Co., of London and New York. I have just received a shipment of these goods and would specially invite the attention of all consumers to them. These spices are not only absolutely pure, but are without a doubt the finest ever imported into this country. I confidently recommend them as being really of unusual merit.

CHAS. DWINEL,

nov23, eod No. 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.

LOCAL MATTERS.

More snow [illegible]

Those owning horses will notice the advertisement of G. E. Jewett.

Meeting of the Board of Trade this afternoon in the Council Room.

The pews in the Hammond street church will be sold at auction this evening.

We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Jacob Stern & Co.

Remember the lecture in City Hall this evening by Dr. Cyrus Hamlin, of Constantinople. Subject, "The Eastern Question."

On the first page this morning will be found a description of the Water Works in this city from the *Engineering News*, Chicago.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Maine Central Railroad will be held at Augusta, March 28th inst. See advertisement.

The new City Government will be inaugurated this forenoon in the City Hall at ten o'clock, after which Mayor Hamlin will deliver his address.

There will be a meeting of the Unity Club at Andrews Hall this (Monday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is earnestly requested.

The Handel Association hold their regular rehearsal this evening. They are preparing for a grand final concert. A very attractive [illegible] promised.

[illegible] at Music Hall under the auspices of the Universalist Society. Tickets for sale at the store of A. F. Pote & Co. and at the door.

Wendell Phillips breakfasted at the Exchange Saturday morning and went to the Provinces where he is to lecture, returning to speak in Norombega Tuesday evening.

The [illegible] Temple of Honor having [illegible] meeting with Union Lodge of Good Templars the regular meeting of Union Lodge will be held this [illegible] that of the Temple of Honor on Friday evening next.

M[essrs.] Thompson and Kellogg brought [illegible] to Albion [illegible] Apple, which when cooked according to directions [illegible] [illegible] at this season of the year.

AN INQUIRY ABOUT THE HIGH SCHOOL. *Mr. Editor*:—I notice in the Whig of Saturday morning a communication in regard to our High School [illegible] three years [illegible] Fowler and [illegible] years course [illegible] enter Harvard or Yale College. Now [illegible] students [illegible] by the course of [illegible] therein prescribed fitted for either? If such be the fact it seems to me a [illegible] worthy of inquiry. Why not [illegible] [illegible]

TEMPERANCE MEETING. The public meeting of the Reform Club [illegible] day was one of interest, although to many were present. President McIntyre occupied the chair and the services commenced by singing the "Morning Light is Breaking," followed by reading the Scriptures by Mrs. C. A. Cook and prayer by Mrs. J. P. Randall of the Crusade. The meeting was afterwards addressed by the following members of the club: [illegible] Chaplain McFarland, B. T. Walker, Vice President P. R. S[illegible], E. Green, J. H. Hasses, J. W. Carter and Treasurer Montgomery. The meeting closed with "Hold the Fort," by the choir. Next [illegible] the pledge.

THE BOY ORATOR. [illegible] the [illegible] an audience assembled in Norombega Hall to hear the boy orator D. Banks McKenzie make a short address showing the effects of intemperance [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Dr. Hall Home [illegible] of Robertson [illegible] [illegible] most eloquent manner.

PUPILS OF THE CONVENT SCHOOL. The entertainment given by the pupils of the Convent School Saturday evening in Norombega Hall drew a large audience, every seat in the hall being occupied and a large number who could not find seats stood during the performance. The drama in three acts entitled "The Chinese [illegible]" was well rendered, some of the parts were exceedingly well given and received great applause. The Knights of St. Patrick, the Hibernian Mutual Benevolent Society, the St. John Temperance Society and the St. Mary's Temperance Society together with the St. John's Band formed at their quarters and marched to the hall. During the evening the Band played various selections, which greatly added to the evening's entertainment.

THE PENOBSCOT FARMERS' CLUB meeting, held at [illegible] last Saturday, proved a great success. It was attended by a large number of the most intelligent and influential farmers of Penobscot County. W. E. Gibbs, President, presided. The subject for discussion "How can we improve our farms?" was discussed in a very intelligent and able manner by men of experience in agriculture. The meeting was continued during the evening, and the [illegible] Club did everything in their power to make the meeting a success and render their guests comfortable. The late Albert Noyes being a member of high standing in this Club his death was feelingly referred to by Hebron Luce, Esq., of this city, who closed by offering an appropriate resolution which was seconded by B. A. Burr in a few remarks and unanimously passed. The next meeting will be held at Hermon March 31st at 10 A. M. The Secretary's full report of this meeting will be published in a few days.

PROF. SEWALL'S LECTURE. Saturday evening Prof. Sewall delivered his lecture on the Bowdoin Collection of Paintings before the Art Association and a number of their friends. He began his lecture by giving a general description of the Art Gallery which contains from one hundred and thirty to one hundred and forty works of art, most of them bequeathed to the College by Gov. Bowdoin, from whom the College takes its name. Nearly all the pictures are from one to two hundred years old, and many of them have been retouched by artists. Among some of the principal pictures are the following: "The Angel delivering Peter from Prison." Nothing is known as to the origin of that beautiful work. The splendid painting "The Governor of Gibraltar," by Vandyke, is one of the most valuable in the collection. "St. Simeon," by Rubens, is one of the finest works of the great Flemish painter; also a larger collection from the Dutch School consisting of sea scenes and beautiful landscapes. The lecture was very entertaining and received the closest attention from the audience.

CITY AFFAIRS.

The closing meeting of the present City Council was held Saturday evening, and the following business came before it:

Voted to grant an abatement of $10 in the assessment for sewerage against Mr. Darling on Brown, State and Lime street sewer.

The reports of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, Truancy Committee, Superintendent of Schools and School Agent, Overseers of the Poor, Street Engineer and City Treasurer were severally accepted and referred to the next City Council.

The report of the Committee on Accounts and Claims on the claims of Frances P. Kimball, M. Quigley, Bridget Burke, Emeline M. Kuhn and Mary E. Cochran for damages for alleged defects in the highway were accepted and the petitions severally referred to the next City Council.

The business of the year having been fully disposed of the following resolutions were unanimously passed by the Board:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Board are due and are hereby tendered to Hon. Wm. B. Hayford for the dignified courtesy and uniform kindness with which he has presided over its deliberations for the year now closing, and we wish to place on record our testimony to the constancy and fidelity which has characterized his efforts to promote the interests of the city.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Board are due and hereby tendered to Victor Brett, Esq., City Clerk, for the very acceptable and courteous manner in which he has fulfilled the duties of his office during the past year.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Board are cheerfully tendered to the official City Solicitor, J. W. Vose, Esq., for his kindly courtesy and constant attendance upon [the] calls of the Board during the [past] municipal year.

Alderman J. C. White made the following remarks:

Mr. Mayor:—The circumstances which call forth the resolution just adopted on your [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Responses were made by Mr. Drummond and Mr. [illegible] after which short responses were made by Councilman Holt, Getchell, Adams, Dwinel, Pond, Merrill, Hight, Sinnett, Morton and Jordan and after singing Auld Lang Syne the Council adjourned *sine die*.

IN COMMON COUNCIL

[illegible] last meeting of the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Concurrent actions were taken on all matters passed by the upper Board, and the following resolutions were unanimously passed:

Resolved, That the thanks of the City Council be and are tendered to Mr. Frank H. Drummond for his able, courteous and impartial manner in which he has presided over the deliberations the past municipal year.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Board be [and are] tendered to Chas. F. [illegible] Esq. for the faithful, efficient and courteous manner in which he has performed the duties of his office for the past municipal year.

THE CENTENNIAL FOURTH

The Expense of Our City Celebration

Mr. Editor:—It may be a matter of interest to the citizens of Bangor, who enjoyed the Centennial Celebration last 4th of July so much, to know what the cost was, and how the money was spent. The amount appropriated by the city was $2,500 00. Of this sum there was used, as per bills and vouchers placed on file:

For dinner and collation,	$750 00
" Music (4 bands),	117 00
" Fire Department	100 00
" Military prize drill,	200 00
Norombega Hall,	100 00
" Salute,	75 00
" Seats	70 00
" Printing,	50 00
" Transportation,	42 00
Base Ball Club,	34 10
" Carriages,	81 00
" Canoe Race Prize,	20 00
" Ice Water	30 00
" Sundry small bills,	12 60
	1,995 79
Unexpended,	504 21
	2,500 00

From Winn

Our correspondent, Nopen, under date of the 17th inst., writes: "The exhibition under the auspices of the Silver Star Lodge of Good Templars last Thursday evening, drew a full house and was a very successful affair.

At an adjourned town meeting this afternoon, the town debt was figured at $4,000; $1,500 was raised to pay $500 on interest and $1,000 on the debt.

OBITUARY.

THE LATE ALBERT NOYES. [The death of] Mr. Albert Noyes, whose sudden death was announced in last Saturday's paper, as having occurred Friday night, was the son of John and Nancy (Garton) Noyes, and was born in Newburyport, Mass., August 9, 1816. When two years of age he removed with his parents to Salem, Mass., where he acquired his education, and afterwards entered as clerk in a store. In 1835 they came to this city and Albert commenced the stove, iron and tin ware business with his elder brother Henry, under the name of H. and A. Noyes, on Central street. They afterwards removed to Main street where their store was burned out, when they returned to Central st., Albert continuing the business until 1855. Henry going West. At that date, the present firm comprising Albert, his brother Henry and his son Frank C. was established. A merited and manner [illegible] held an honorable place in every respect in the estimation of the community.

Mr. Noyes took a deep interest in the cultivation of fruits and flowers and in all [illegible] pertaining to horticulture and [illegible] [illegible] For many years he had a nursery and conservatory at his residence [illegible] poultry raising he was also interested and has contributed largely to the annual exhibitions of the Horticultural, Pomological and Poultry [illegible] receiving many [premiums] especially in the latter society premiums for the best specimens. In 1850 he was one of the movers in the organization of the Bangor Horticultural Society and in 1873 of the Maine Pomological Society, of which he [illegible] held office. He was President of the Penobscot Poultry Association, incorporated in 1870, and of the Maine Poultry Association, incorporated in 1873. He was also a Director in the New England Poultry Society and [illegible] of the National Society.

In the Mechanic Association he was an [illegible] member and officer. In the City Council he served in 1861-2 as Councilman from Ward 1. As a member of the Hammond st. Parish, he was ever active and interested in all that pertained to its welfare, contributing liberally [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

In his intercourse with his friends, Mr. Noyes was known and esteemed [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

He was married [illegible] to Caroline D. [illegible] daughter of [illegible] [illegible]

The Fire

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] machine shop of C. A. & F. H. Leavett on Washington st. [illegible] The building being a [illegible] [illegible] Fire Department had the ground [illegible] [illegible] enveloped in flames which were [illegible] [illegible] hydrants [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Blacksmith [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] o'clock and before [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] everything then being all right. After the department had returned to their quarters the fire again broke out between three and four o'clock and Union Hose Company being notified, without giving an alarm went down and put on a stream of water which soon deadened the flame. Our reporter interviewed Mr. Leavett [illegible] but he was unable to give any estimation [of] the loss. The property was insured for $5000 in C. D. Clark's agency [illegible] in J. S. [illegible] agency.

From Orono

The [illegible] annual exhibition of the Orono High School took place at the Town Hall in that town Friday evening, before an audience of more than five hundred persons—mostly citizens. The entertainment consisted of declamations, reading, vocal and instrumental music and other [illegible] and the laughable comedy entitled "The People's Lawyer," well known as Solon Shingle. The parts were all well performed and were put on in the following order:

Music—by the College Orchestra.
Centennial Oration—Charles C. Ross.
Androcles and the Lion—[illegible] A. Douglass.
Measures not Men—Archie S. Gee.
Hezekiah Bedott—Miss Flora [illegible] Welch.
Music.
Extract—Miss Clara E. Scott.
Education—Parker J. Page.
Address to Young Ladies—Richard Hurley.
The House in the Meadow—Miss Myra B. Vinal.

The recitation of these occupied about an hour in delivery and the speakers were frequently applauded, young Hurley evidently being the favorite. In response to a hearty encore he gave later in the evening "Ah, well I Remember," which was well received by the entire audience.

The comedy was next in order, and was well produced, the cast of characters having been most happily made, and each actor personating his part as by a natural fitness for it, which was plainly to be seen in the acting.

The remaining piece "The Little Snowdrop" by Eva McDonald, a little Miss of ten summers, was finely rendered and showed a nice appreciation on her part of the sentiment of the piece. As she left the stage she was most warmly applauded. The entertainment closed with Calisthenics, in 8 sets, by the entire school, Miss C. [illegible]

Book at the Organ, and the "Parting song" with Miss [illegible] Kelley at the instrument—the audience joining in the last stanzas and chorus. It was at a late hour that the large audience retired, satisfied that the evening had been well spent, that the scholars of the Orono High School deserve patronage when they attempt to entertain the public outside as well as inside the school room. The net proceeds will be expended for the benefit of the school.

Insurance Investments

To the Editor of the Tribune.

Sir:—In answer to the inquiry of Mr. James S. [illegible] in your issue of this morning I beg to state for his information that the liability to the Union Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Maine to which he refers is stated in my schedule as unsecured because the company hold no security from me. My liability in this case is contingent, being as indorser on notes of another person from whom the company hold real estate security.

JOHN Q. HOYT.

New York, March 14, 1877.

Business Items

DOG COLLARS, at D. White's [illegible]

POSITIVELY THE BEST.

Dr. Morris' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound is the very best compound ever prepared, advertised or sold by any person under any name whatever for the immediate relief and permanent cure of coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, asthma and all diseases of a consumptive type. It will thoroughly eradicate these alarming symptoms in one-half the time required to do so by any other. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] no opium or other dangerous drug. It never fails. Every bottle guaranteed to produce exactly as represented.

Sold by Wm. L. Mann, J. E. Patten, N. S. Harlow, Bangor, L. B. Stover, Bucksport.

Also Agent for Prof. Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup, which is sure death to worms. Pleasant to take and requires no physic. Price 25 cents. [illegible]

ABOUT SHOES. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

N. S. HARLOW, [illegible]

[illegible] Forest Tar Salve [illegible]

[illegible]

A [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

BRISKY BRUSH [illegible] SOZODONT [illegible]

Extract of letter from [illegible] of Bolton, Me. [illegible] PERUVIAN SYRUP [illegible]

DR. SCHENCK'S STANDARD REMEDIES. [illegible] Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic and Schenck's Mandrake Pills [illegible]

[illegible] Dr. J. H. Schenck of Philadelphia [illegible] [illegible] pulmonary diseases.

[illegible] Schenck's Mandrake Pills [illegible] Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] Dr. Schenck [illegible] Sixth and Arch Sts., Philadelphia, every Monday.

Schenck's Medicines are sold by all druggists throughout the country.

mch1 eod 2m

Marine Journal.

DOMESTIC PORTS

BOSTON—Ar 15th, schrs [illegible] on Bo[illegible] Winterport, Orion, [illegible]; Cld [illegible] schr Walter E Palmer, [illegible]

NEW YORK—Ar 15th, schrs Mary B Smith, [illegible] Thomaston, with loss of jibboom; Arctic [illegible] Rockland; Cld [illegible] brig Long Reach, Anderson, Bath [illegible]

BALTIMORE—Ar 16th, brig American Union [illegible]

CHARLESTON—Sld 15th, schr [illegible] Kennedy, Richmond.

NEW ORLEANS—Ar 14th, [illegible] D W Chapman, Tukey, Havre.

NEWPORT—Ar 15th, schr Empress, Kennedy, Rockland for New York (and sailed).

PORTLAND—Cld 15th, schrs [illegible] Spain, M B Mahoney, New York. Ar 15th brig J H Brown [illegible] New York.

WISCASSET—Ar 15th, brig Hiram Abiff, Brown, Bath.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Ar at Bassein [illegible] March 14, ship George [illegible] Humphrey, Bombay.

Sld from Liverpool, March 15, ship W A Campbell, Curling, United States.

Cld at Cardenas, [illegible], bark J R [illegible], Brooks, New York; brig C B Pickering, Perry, N of Hatteras; [illegible] [illegible] Kate Weatworth, Hutchinson, [illegible]

[illegible] at Havana, 16th, [illegible] Alma, Johnson [illegible]; Sld [illegible] brig Geo E Dale [illegible] N of Hatteras; schr Margie McFadden, [illegible] brig M O Haskell, Haskell, New York.

Ar at Matanzas [illegible], schr May McFarland, McFarland, Fernandina.

Ar at St Michaels, Feb 28, brig Lizzie [illegible], Stover, Messina for New York (put in for provisions and water and sailed next day).

SPOKEN.

Ship Nancy Pendleton, Pendleton, from Cardiff for Singapore, Feb 1, lat 10 N, lon 14 W.

Bark Mary E Russell, from Java for Boston, with loss of foreign [illegible] March 7, lat 29 20 N, lon 65 50 W.

Bark Sarah E Frazier, Knight, from London for Demerara, Feb 24, lat 40 N, lon 14 W.

WANTED.

A few boarders, gentlemen or ladies, can be pleasantly accommodated at No. 40 Court St. [illegible]

Encouragement for the Feeble.

Debility, whether it be inherent or [illegible] overtaxed strength, or protracted depressing influence upon an abject melancholy [illegible] to [illegible] the abandonment [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] hopes. Happiness even in extremeness, is [illegible]. It is [illegible] that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters strengthener of the weak, an vital [illegible] regularity among the organs [illegible] the duties imposed [illegible] vigor and health [illegible] of instances [illegible] the influence of this health giving [illegible] debility, liver disease, dyspepsia, constipation, intermittent and [illegible] troubles, gout and other maladies.

WATER PIPING!

Done [illegible]

Rubber Hose, of Superior Quality.

W. H. PRITCHARD,

130 Exchange Street.

[illegible]

MRS. POTTS' SAD-IRON!

[illegible]

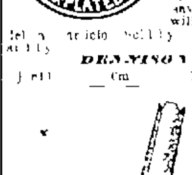
WHOLESALE & RETAIL [illegible]

J. C. BUZZELL.

[illegible]

No Household should be without It.

SILVER WHITE:



[illegible]

DENNISON & CO.,

[illegible]

PEAVEY CANT DOG.

1,000

[illegible] Eagle Cant [illegible]

BANGOR EDGE TOOL CO.,

[illegible] Street [illegible] E. & N. A. Railway [illegible] J. H. PEAVEY [illegible]

NIAGARA

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK.

Cash Capital,	$500,000 00
Cash Assets,	$1,142,417 50

HENRY A. HOWE, President. [illegible] Secretary.

CHAS. H. TAYLOR, Ag't,

112 EXCHANGE ST.,

[illegible] BANGOR, ME.

FOR SALE.

The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

PLIMPTON, FISK & CO.,

Importers & Jobbers of

RIBBONS,

Silks, Velvets, Millinery,

STRAW GOODS,

25 Summer and 92 Hawley Streets, Boston.

Have constantly on hand the largest and most complete stock of the class MILLINERY GOODS [illegible] all of which will be offered at the lowest cash prices.

Warren Powder Mills,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BLASTING AND MINING, SHIPPING AND SPORTING GUNPOWDER.

Sporting Brands.

"Eureka," Continental, Rocket, Rifle, [illegible] Shot and Warren Sporting, Cannon and Musket U. S. Standard. The above can be [had] at wholesale at the office [illegible] Street, Boston, and [of] the Agent.

M. SCHWARTZ,

sept2 Bangor, Maine.

PICTURE FRAMES

Of Every Description.

All of our framed pictures marked down to less than [illegible] [illegible] Pictures all framed for 25 cents and upwards.

C. L. DAKIN,

marl [illegible] MAIN STREET.

MANHATTAN

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK.

Cash Capital,	$250,000.00
Cash Assets,	$850,658 27

ANDREW J. SMITH, President. LOUIS J. CARMAN, Secretary.

CHAS. H. TAYLOR, Ag't,

112 EXCHANGE ST.,

[illegible] BANGOR, ME.

American Breakfast Cereals.

A.B.C.

Steam Cooked and Desiccated WHITE WHEAT, OAT MEAL, BARLEY FOOD,

Pure, Nutritious, Economical.

A Breakfast for a Cent.

[illegible]

CHARLES HAYWARD & CO.,

110 and 114 Exchange Street.

[illegible]

Military and Regalia

BASE BALL AND FOOT BALL

HEADQUARTERS.

[illegible]

G. W. Simmons & Son, OAK HALL, [illegible] BOSTON, MA.

MUSIC BOOKS.

VOCAL.

[illegible]

INSTRUMENTAL.

[illegible]

OLIVER DITSON & CO.,

BOSTON.

C. H. Ditson & Co. J. E. Ditson & Co.

[illegible]

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.

[illegible]

COSTIVENESS

The Prolific Cause of Ill Health.

[illegible]

PERISTALTIC LOZENGES

[illegible]

PILES

[illegible]

DYSPEPSIA

[illegible]

E. S. HARRISON & CO., Boston.

ST. NICHOLAS.

[illegible]

ST. NICHOLAS for 1877

[illegible]

HIS OWN MASTER [illegible]

[illegible]

AMUSEMENT AND INSTRUCTION, with FUN AND FROLIC and WIT AND WISDOM, will be [min]gled as heretofore in ST. NICHOLAS [illegible]

THE LONDON LITERARY WORLD says:

There is no magazine for the young that can be said to equal this choice production of SCRIBNER'S press. All the articles, whether in prose or rhyme, are throbbing with vitality [illegible] The literature and artistic illustrations are both superb.

The London Daily News says: "We wish we could point out its equal in our own periodical literature."

GOOD NEWS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

To meet the demand for a cheaper ST. NICHOLAS Gift Book, the price of vols. I and II has been reduced to $3 each. The three volumes, in an elegant library case, are sold for $10 (in full gilt, $13) [illegible] children a complete set. These volumes contain more attractive material than fifty dollars' worth of the ordinary children's books.

Subscription price, $3 a year. The three bound volumes and a subscription for this year only $12. Subscribe with the nearest newsdealer, or send money in check or P. O. money order, or in registered letter to

SCRIBNER & CO.,

743 Broadway, N. Y.

[illegible]

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents. $10 Outfit free. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

july20 [illegible] wly

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

BROADWAY LYRIC.

Hark, to surge of the restless ocean
Of sound that breaks over the street,
As, like the trumpet-tongued Elera,
It presses on fast-flying feet!
"Stop thief!" is the ominous burden,
Which tells of pity deadly,
While the pulse that is rife for sensation
Responds to its quickening thrills
In swelling the turbulent chorus
That a moment the highway fills.

"Stop thief!" and the thief is arrested,
"Step aside!" Let the curious see
If a man with the mask of a satyr,
Or a woman as fallen as he,
As wanton, dishevelled, and blatant,
And heedless of gathering din,
Is the ribald or suffering victim
Now caught in the tangle of sin.
"Let us see," they cry, restive and eager,
As, jostling, they push their way in.

Alas! 'tis a little child only,
A boy of but nine summers old—
Nay, writers, for summers he knows not,
Thrust out in the pitiless cold—
A waif, a homeless, homeless,
Ah, the home and the mother may be
But in symbol, and tatterdemalions
Even smaller than this one we see
Have often no friend but the Father
Who has said, "Let them come unto me."

Glad, glad would they come, the dear children,
Could they catch but a glimpse of His face,
Were they raised to the light but a moment,
From the pestilent dark of their place.
'Tis more than their curse, 'tis the poor's,
Whenever a shelterless child,
A blossom with sweetness for culture,
Is left as the road-brier wild,
Its freshness and fairness of birthright
By the dust of the alleys defiled!

O mothers, who cherish your darlings,
And train them for soaring above,
Stretch your arms that the ignorant starveling
May climb to God's home by your love!
O men, who have hearts left for pity,
And something to spare from your store,
Lend to Him for the use of His children—
He will pay you a hundred-fold more—
Whose angels are silently waiting
Close to Him who blesses the poor!
—*Harper's Weekly.*

STOCKINGS.

A few years ago the feminine hose was filtered high in the air at the mere mention of colored stockings. They were considered inelegant, unladylike, and, above all, unfashionable. Only the whitest of white hosiery was allowable. Then came an innovation, in the shape of Balbriggans, which were of that peculiar creamy tint, so well known and so much liked even from the first introduction. Then silk hosiery marching the colors of evening toilets, was exhibited, but these, alas! were attainable by only the few. Since then the caprice for fancy stockings has increased and now the Balbriggan, which is the standard hosiery, divides honors with scarlet and blue and brown, and, latest of all, black stockings. The fancy for striped hosiery seems waning, at least they are no longer considered the first mode, although they are still very much worn, but the popular caprice just now seems to point toward plain solid and very dark colors. The grays are exceedingly dark, being more nearly a deep slate or drab than the pale gray, which is of a lighter tint. Seal brown, or even the darker shade, called negro, are very stylish, and so are the navy and ink blues. These, however, were all seen last season, and, as a consequence, are not so entirely novel as the solid black hose, which comes in silk or in very fine cotton, with embroidered clocks either in black, white or colors.

The more of which are intended for ordinary wear cost $2 the pair. They are very fine and firm, with cordie heel and toe, and are warranted to wear well. In these black stockings one sees a revival of a very old fashion. Said a dear old lady telling fascinating stories of "once upon a time, when I was a girl," that bright, golden, best time of her life, "Why, I never would have thought of going out without my black silk stockings and laced slippers; my white silk stockings were sacred to the ball-room, my blue silk ones for the street, and I never dreamed of such a thing as making one do for the other." At first thought there is something unpleasant about black stockings, but as one sees them they are so fine, and the embroidery is so pretty that one forgets one's prejudice and is surprised into admiring them.

CROAKERS.— Did you ever see them? One of those devout human croakers—persons who seem born for the express purpose of making everybody uncomfortable with whom they came in contact. The only pleasure they take is in shaking their heads and sniveling about the dreadful world we live in. If the weather is beautiful and sunny and everything in nature laughs, they will look wise and croak, "It's a regular weather-breeder, we shall pay for this." It is always too hot or too cold, too wet or too dry; nothing suits. They never believe in recreation of any kind. People were put in this world to work, and they will harp on it until the very name of labor becomes distasteful. And then they have such a mealy-mouthed way of covering up their meanness, groaning over the wickedness of the age. "No wonder accidents happen and sickness comes! There must be some way to stop persons from being so vain and light-headed." I tell you I hate such folks. A lightdawingly person, my one can get along with, but those pious croakers—well, I hope they will finally get to Heaven. AUNTY.

JUST BUDDING. Girls— One of the ...
[illegible] ... into young ladyhood, with all its consequences of the beautiful season of girlhood. Speaking on that point, Bishop Morris says:—"Wait patiently my children, through the whole limit of your girlhood. Go not after womanhood; let it come to you. Keep out of public view. Cultivate retirement and modesty. The cares and responsibilities of life will come soon enough. When they come you will meet them, I trust, as true women should. But do not be so unwise as to throw away your girlhood. Rob not yourselves of this beautiful season which, wisely spent, will brighten all your future life."

Physicians have estimated that 25,000 to 30,000 persons die annually in this country from the use or abuse of tobacco. In Germany it is calculated that one half of the deaths between the ages of eighteen and twenty-five arise from the cause. It induces various fatal diseases, especially nervous ones.

SOAPS.

There is no spot on earth where Soaps can be better or more cheaply made than in Bangor. We now make soap ... [illegible] ... family Soaps, ... as low as any factory in the U. S. We have long been in want of a good agent to help extend our trade further, and we can now extend it. Believing MR. GEORGE B. ROBINSON to be a man of integrity and business tact as well, have given him this position. We will here say that we guarantee that he will sell our Soaps of all grades and kinds, also any and all other goods we make or handle at our lowest factory rates. We will, until further notice, honor any and all contracts Mr. Robinson may make pertaining to our trade.
STODDARD & HELLIER.
Bangor, Feb. 5, 1877.

To F. A. WILSON, Esquire, a Justice of the Peace within and for the County of Penobscot, resident in Bangor.

The undersigned three members of the Bangor Insurance Company, a corporation established by law, and located at Bangor aforesaid, in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, respectfully represent that the interest of said corporation requires that a special meeting of the stockholders thereof be held at the earliest possible time, and that such a meeting cannot be otherwise called lawfully, than is provided in the Revised Statutes of this State, Chapter 46, Section 3, wherefore we do respectfully request you to issue your warrant to one of our number as by said statute provided, directing him to call a meeting of said stockholders to be holden at the office of said Company, in Bangor, on Thursday, the 22d instant, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to make such changes in the by laws of said Company as are necessary in regard to the manner of calling special meetings in future, and also in regard to the sinking money for the use of the Company, and in regard to pledging the securities of the Company for payment thereof to such an amount, as re-insurance of the Company's outstanding risks, or other exigency of the Company may require, from time to time, also in regard to selling the securities of said Company; also to act upon any other business which may be lawfully transacted at said meeting.

Dated at Bangor, this 14th day of March, 1877.
CHAS. WOODMAN.
L. B. PATTEN.
ALEX. WEBB.

To CHARLES WOODMAN, one of the persons named in the foregoing application.

You are hereby directed to call a meeting of the Bangor Insurance Company at the time and place and for the purposes therein mentioned, by publishing in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier a true and attested copy of the foregoing application and of this warrant; said publication to be continued seven days before said meeting.

In testimony of which I have hereunto affixed my hand and seal this 14th day of March, A. D. 1877.
F. A. WILSON, Justice of the Peace.
Penobscot County.

A true copy of application and warrant.
Attest—CHARLES WOODMAN.

To the Stockholders of the Bangor Insurance Company.

You are hereby notified to meet at the Office of the Company in Bangor, on THURSDAY, the 22d day of March instant, at three o'clock P. M., for the purposes named in the foregoing application and warrant. CHARLES WOODMAN.
Bangor, 14th March, 1877.

CATARRH.

Would willingly have given one hundred dollars for the relief obtained from the first dose.

From the well known maker of Yale's Mammoth Tent.

Gentlemen,—I have suffered ten years from the worst forms of ACUTE CATARRH, or Cold in the Head, that ever afflicted mortal man. Whenever I took a fresh cold it would settle in my head, causing the most violent sneezing, accompanied by excessive discharges from my eyes and nose. For days and days my suffering would be intense, and finally settle in my loins and bowels, would render my life miserable for a month. Never, during all my suffering, was I able to obtain even temporary relief from any medicine I ever tried. Three weeks ago, while suffering from the worst attack I ever had, I procured a bottle of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH. The relief from the first dose was so gratifying that I would willingly have given one hundred dollars to obtain it. A few doses completely cured me. My head has since been perfectly free from copious accumulations, my breathing easy, and not a symptom of trouble about my back and bowels has presented itself. Its effect in my case has been truly remarkable.

Very respectfully,
R. M. YALE.
Sail and Awning Maker, 2 South Market St.

CATARRH.

A Remarkable Case of Catarrh Cured by the use of Twelve Bottles.

We select the following case as showing how frightful this disease may become, and as a convincing proof of the value of Sanford's Radical Cure as a reliable remedy for the cure, even in cases of the greatest severity. We regret that, from motives of delicacy, the gentleman declined to permit the use of his name.

Case No. 11.—This is the case of a man in the prime of life who had contracted this disease through a bad cold six years ago. Favored by a scrofulous condition of the blood, the disease sent its foul poison into every part of the system, so that when he commenced the use of Sanford's Radical Cure it had become one of the worst cases ever experienced by any living man. The discharge at nights was thick, putrid and streaked with blood; and so excessive in quantity as to discharge itself upon the pillow during sleep, and collecting in quantities in the throat, would, at the point of strangulation, wake him several times each night. He was obliged to get up and partially clear his nostrils and throat before he could sleep. From the use of the first bottle of the Radical Cure to the tenth, the cure has been gradual, satisfactory, and permanent. He has used 12 all twelve bottles and now experiences no return of the discharge nor any of its disagreeable symptoms, besides enjoying unusually good health otherwise.

CATARRH.

A Series of uninterrupted Cures effected with it by a well-known Boston Physician.

From Dr. Chas. Main.

Catarrh is the opprobrium medicorum of the medical profession, and by many is thought incurable. When, therefore, a preparation is presented to my notice, endorsed by so respectable a firm as Weeks & Potter, I am bound to give it a fair and unprejudiced trial, and when such trial results in a series of uninterrupted cures, I cannot allow professional etiquette to interfere with a candid expression of my regard for it. I therefore give Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh my unqualified approval, and consider it as a remedy for the treatment of every form of Catarrh superior to any preparation or doses, in any text book with which I am familiar. Very respectfully,
DR. CHARLES MAIN,
Boston, May 1st. 62 Harrison Avenue.

Each package contains Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, with full directions for use in all cases. Price $1.00. For sale by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston.

ELECTRICITY

FOR THE MILLION. AN ELECTRIC BATTERY FOR 25 CENTS.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

Cures Pains and Aches.

It prevents Fever and Ague
It relieves Inflammatory Action
It cures Ruptures and Strains
It removes Pain and Soreness
It cures Kidney Complaints
It strengthens the Muscles
It cures Rheumatism and Neuralgia
It relieves Nervous Shocks
It cures Nervous Shocks
It is invaluable in Paralysis
It cures Inflammation of the Liver
It removes Nervous Pains
It cures Spinal Weakness
It is Grateful and Soothing
It cures Epilepsy or Fits
It is Safe, Reliable and Economical
It is prescribed by Physicians
It is endorsed by Electricians

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

is warranted one the reputation of Dr. Collins, its inventor, an old physician, to be the best plaster in the world of medicine. The union of the two grand medical agents, viz., Electricity and the medicinal Gums and Balsams, is fully just the claim, and entitle this remedy to rank foremost among all curative compounds for all external Aches and Pains.

Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists, and sent on receipt of 25 cents for one, or $1.25 for six, or $2.25 for twelve, carefully wrapped and warranted, by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass. 1m17

VEGETINE

Purifies the Blood, Renovates and Invigorates the Whole System.

ITS MEDICINAL PROPERTIES ARE

Alterative, Tonic, Solvent and Diuretic.

VEGETINE is made exclusively from the juices of carefully selected barks, roots and herbs, and so strongly concentrated, that it will effectually eradicate from the system every taint of SCROFULA, SCROFULOUS HUMOR, TUMORS, CANCER, CANCEROUS HUMOR, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, SYPHILITIC DISEASES, CANKER, FAINTNESS AT THE STOMACH, and all diseases that arise from impure blood. SCIATICA, INFLAMMATORY AND CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, GOUT AND SPINAL COMPLAINTS, can only be effectually cured through the blood.

For ULCERS and ERUPTIVE DISEASES of the SKIN, PUSTULES, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, BOILS, TETTER, SCALD HEAD and RINGWORM, VEGETINE has never failed to effect a permanent cure.

For PAINS IN THE BACK, KIDNEY COMPLAINTS, DROPSY, FEMALE WEAKNESS, LEUCORRHŒA, arising from internal ulceration, and uterine diseases and GENERAL DEBILITY, VEGETINE acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cures ulceration and regulates the bowels.

For CATARRH, DYSPEPSIA, HABITUAL COSTIVENESS, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, HEADACHE, PILES, NERVOUSNESS and GENERAL PROSTRATION OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, no medicine has ever given such perfect satisfaction as the VEGETINE. It purifies the blood, cleanses all of the organs, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures effected by VEGETINE have induced many physicians and apothecaries whom we know to prescribe and use it in their own families.

In fact, VEGETINE is the best remedy yet discovered for the above diseases, and is the only reliable BLOOD PURIFIER yet placed before the public.

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, MASS.

What is Vegetine?

It is a compound extracted from barks, roots and herbs. It is Nature's Remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. It gives you good, sweet sleep at night. It is a great panacea for our aged fathers and mothers, for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves and gives them Nature's sweet sleep, as has been proved by many an aged person. It is the great Blood Purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it. It relieves and cures all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the VEGETINE. Give it a fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your friend, neighbor and acquaintance, "Try it, it has cured me."

VEGETINE for the complaints for which it is recommended, is having a larger sale throughout the United States than any other one medicine. Why? VEGETINE WILL CURE THESE COMPLAINTS.

Cannot be Excelled.

CHARLESTOWN, Mass., March 19, 1869.

Mr. H. R. STEVENS: Dear Sir—This is to certify that I have used your "Blood Preparation" in my family for several years, and think that, for Scrofula or Cankerous Humors, or Rheumatic Affections, it cannot be excelled; and, as a blood purifier and spring medicine, it is the best thing I have ever used, and I have used almost everything. I can cheerfully recommend it to any one in need of such a medicine. Yours respectfully,
MRS. A. A. DINSMORE, 19 Russell St.

Gives Health, Strength and Appetite.

My daughter has received great benefit from the use of the VEGETINE. Her declining health was a source of great anxiety to all of her friends. A few bottles of the VEGETINE restored her health, strength and appetite. N. H. TILDEN,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent,
No. 49 Sears Building, Boston, Mass.

Prepared by H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

mch17 SAW 1w

A PECULIAR [illegible] TOILET SOAP.

At No. 15, State Street

I am prepared to furnish first class stock and workmen and promptly attend to all orders for

HOUSE PAINTING, GRAINING AND Paper Hanging, &c.

A. P. CHICK,
No. 15 State Street.
(Over W. & L. Cutler's) feb17

1877

WASHING SOAP.

G. B. ROBINSON, Proprietor.

Music in the Air.

What about? Soap. What kind of Soap? Pearl Soap. Barbers want it for shaving. Ladies and gentlemen want it for the toilet.

Music in the Air Again.

What about? About Soap. What kind of Soap? Peculiar Star Soap—The children of the poor and the children of the rich want it for the sink and want it for the bath. It's nice and they won't be satisfied without it.

MUSIC IN THE AIR ONCE AGAIN.

And it is louder than ever. What about now? Soap. What of Soap this time, for pity sake? 1877 Washing Soap. The public have been sighing for it. The washers have been crying for it, and the people will heave a sigh of relief, for it has come. 4w*

G. B. ROBINSON, Inventor and proprietor of the

XL POLISH. Sole Proprietor, GEO. B. ROBINSON, Bangor, Me.

An article of real merit and of nine years standing. First class Family stores keep it. Trade everywhere supplied on profitable terms. General agents wanted, to whom liberal discounts will be made. Three miniature trial samples mailed to any address on receipt of three cent stamp, or free on application at the store. A trial dozen or dozens expressed to any address on receipt of one dollar and twenty cents for each. Address or call on G. B. ROBINSON, North end Norombega Market.

Dear Public—No. 1.

We know you are much in want of Soap. And have been for the last hundred years. When they come you will go for them with a rush. And the first to get one will be the best fellow. They are in the kettle and the kettle is boiling. But don't be impatient. They will be here soon. feb24

English Notice.

On February 20th I published a little card. That card and not one word of it. Let me, whom I wished to say concerning a [illegible] ... 27th, at early dawn, what do I hear? Alas! A sound, "Was it a lion?" the nearer approach it sounded more of a roar! "The *Lion's* roar." The long caved, the hoarded Lion—get them—and this the clarion sound.

DEAR PUBLIC

NUMBER 2

You have been in want, but you shall want no longer.
The kettle is boiled, and has brought forth a full line of

SPRING GOODS

for men's and Ladies wear, which can be seen at

Dear Public— No. I was going, No. 2 was a boy ... [illegible] ... the Kettle of Invention is nearly done steaming. ... G. B. Robinson's ... Market and every Grocer ... Norombega Market. Dear Public: Please at once see it, together with my other specialties. 3aM7

DIAMOND

NON CORROSIVE. SMOOTH FLOWING.

WRITING FLUIDS IN ALL COLORS.

G. B. ROBINSON, Propr, Bangor, Me.

Second to none. Pretty and smooth for general use. By the barrel, gallon, quart, pint, gill or ounce, at prices to suit the most prudent. Trade supplied on liberal terms. Please send for price list. A small gift sample to every man, woman or child, for asking. A general agent wanted in every city and town. G. B. ROBINSON, No. end Norombega.

BANGOR, Feb 16th, 1877.

GEORGE B. ROBINSON—My Dear Sir: I have tried the sample of ink you were so kind as to send me, and am much pleased with them. The colors are excellent and I cannot add to give satisfaction. They are an absolute or corrosive ink, and a freedom in the flow of the ink, as much desired by those who are constantly using the pen.

Very truly yours,
F. F. HAZLEWOOD.

Non-Corrosive Writing Fluid. Poetry ... feb.

SHAVINGS.

We have made arrangements with Coopers and other Shavings Makers in town and out, so we can deliver at short notice in any part of the city the much needed kindlings to the community. We will do so in lots of a bale and upwards at 25 cents per bbl (not including package). Terms cash on delivery. Any one in want will please address, in person or by postal, GEO. B. ROBINSON'S BAZAAR, No. end Norombega Market, Bangor, Maine.

Fire Kindlers No. 2.

We can furnish hard wood chips and fine cut dry wood suitable to kindle fire with Robinson's Magic Fire Kindlers, in lots of 4 bbls and upwards, delivered free in any part of the city at 30 cents per barrel. Address G. B. Robinson's Bazaar.

Igniters No. 3.

We manufacture Robinson's Magic Fire Kindler, a very useful article for those who want to kindle a fire quickly, and by every one who wants fires started in the morning in double quick time with no trouble and trifling expense. 75 kindlers for 25 cts. Agents wanted everywhere to sell Robinson's Magic Fire Kindler. Profits large and but small amount of capital required. The people are in want of it. Apply to or address, G. B. ROBINSON'S BAZAAR, No. end Norombega Market, Bangor, Me. feb22

BARRELS.

PORK and Beef Barrels, Hogsheads and Kegs, with new ware or reeds, tight, and in perfect condition, by G. B. ROBINSON.

FLOUR Bbls, Flour half bbls and packing kegs, by G. B. ROBINSON, No. end Norombega.

NEW and Old Iron Bound White Oak and Ash Casks and Kegs, all sizes and suitable for all purposes, by GEO. B. ROBINSON, Norombega.

FIRST quality Potash Casks, also Plain Soap Cider Barrels and Kegs, with covers for sale by G. B. ROBINSON, No. end Norombega.

BUTTER Tubs, all sizes, also half Butter Boxes by G. B. ROBINSON, Norombega Market.

Nearly ten years' experience has acquainted me with best workmen in this line, and enables me to either furnish, or give information where may be found, almost any number of the barrel tribe, at prices to meet the wants of the public. So if you are searched till you are tired, for anything in this sort, and failed to find it, please call on or address, G. B. ROBINSON, No. end Norombega Market.

COOPERS, give ear. Coopers' drivers, with strong iron ring, made from the best Hickory, at twenty-five cents each. Also Flags, Rivets, Chalk, Hinges and supplies in general, at lowest rates. G. B. ROBINSON

PEARL.

STODDARD & HELLIER'S Soft Soap at manufacturer's price, by the half barrel, keg or gallon. Packages containing same, free of charge. G. B. ROBINSON.

MOLASSES SUGAR and Syrup from same, of medium to first quality, by G. B. ROBINSON, No. end of Norombega.

Canvassers Wanted.

To canvass for the New Cottage Cyclopedia, to sell on commission. Apply to E. Y. HOLCOMB, General Agent, at the Franklin House, Bangor, Room No. 6. dec22

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of Seneca P. Hayes, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

Pursuant to an order of said Court, notice is hereby given that a third general meeting of creditors in the estate of Seneca P. Hayes, Bankrupt, will be held at the Bankrupt Court Room, Bangor, on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M., before Mr. Register Hamlin, for the purposes named in Section 5093 Statutes of the United States relating to Bankruptcy.
FREDERIC M. LAUGHTON, Assignee.
Dated at Bangor, Jan. 18th, 1877.
Jan23 oTh3w&w1t4

To the Judge of Probate of the County of Penobscot:

The undersigned, administrator of the estate of Catherine Welch, late of Bangor in said County, deceased, intestate, represents that he has settled his final account of administration of her estate, and that there remains in his hands for distribution among her heirs the sum of $1571.25, subject to ... [illegible] ... Martin Welch ... her sole heir, that since her decease ... has died intestate, leaving a wife, two ... Hannah and Annie, and three sons, ... and William—the mother, sisters ... of said Catherine ... will said ... manner ... deceased ... of said Mary ... whole, as the ... expenses of ...
Wherefore ... that you will pass your order determining ... heirs of said Catherine and the share ... and for the legal distribution of the same.
JOHN CASSIDY.
Feb. 27, 1877.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, February Term, A. D. 1877.

Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, That said petitioner give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of said petition and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.
JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.
A true copy of the petition and order thereon.
Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.
mar3 3w

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

The undersigned guardian of Lewis F. Johnson of LaGrange in said County of Penobscot, minor heir of John S. Johnson, late of said LaGrange, deceased, respectfully represents that said minor is seized and possessed of the following described real estate, viz:

One undivided half of the following described real estate situated in LaGrange, in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, viz: the lot or parcel of land conveyed to said John S. Johnson by Samuel P. Johnson, by warranted deed dated April 23d, 1874, recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, Vol. 441, page 201, also the lot of land conveyed to said John S. Johnson by said Samuel P. Johnson, by deed of same date as above, and recorded in said Penobscot Registry, Vol 441, page 202; also another parcel of land in said LaGrange, conveyed to said John S. Johnson by said Samuel P. Johnson, by deed recorded in the Penobscot Registry, Vol 441, page 271; also all of the land conveyed to said John S. Johnson by William B. Hatcher, by deed dated June 2nd, 1874, and recorded in said Penobscot Registry, being all of the real estate owned by said deceased at the time of his death, and being subject to the widow's dower therein.

That it would be for the benefit of said minor that said real estate should be sold, and the proceeds thereof put out at interest, or otherwise used for his benefit.

He therefore prays that license may be granted him to sell and convey the above described real estate at public or private sale, according to the requirements of law.
ORIGEN FULLER.
LaGrange, January 29th, 1877.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term, A. D. 1877.

Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition, and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.
JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.
A true copy of the petition and order thereon.
Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

District Court of the United States District of Maine.

In the matter of EBEN BLUNT, Bankrupt, IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a Petition has been presented to the Court, this 13th day of December, by Eben Blunt, of Bangor, a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firms of Blunt & Hinman, Blunt, Hinman & Company, Blunt & Company, E. & E. W. Blunt & Company and E. & E. W. Blunt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1877, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 7th day of February, 1877, and the third meeting of the same on the 5th day of February, 1877, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Piscataquis Observer, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the Weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.
WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
Jan5 eTuW&w1t2*

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of TIMOTHY HURLEY, Bankrupt, IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 27th day of Nov., 1876, by Timothy Hurley, of Bangor, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of February, A. D. 1877, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the first day of January, 1877, and the third meeting of the same on the first day of January, 1877, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, and the Piscataquis Observer, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the Weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.
WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
dec4 eM3w&w1t2*

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, February Term, A. D. 1877.

Upon the Petition of William W. Kendall, Guardian of the widow of John G. Kendall, late of Orrington, in said County, deceased, for an allowance to be made out of the personal estate of which said deceased died possessed,

ORDERED, That said Guardian give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.
JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy.—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, February Term, A. D. 1877.

Lorenzo Daniels, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Sarah A. Daniels, late of Stetson, in said County, deceased, having presented the same for Probate.

ORDERED, That said Executor give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published once a week, three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the said instrument should not be proved, approved and allowed, as the Last Will and Testament of said deceased.
JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy.—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term, A. D. 1877.

Thomas K. Kingsbury, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Clara Brooks, late of Bradford, in said County, deceased, having presented the same for Probate.

ORDERED, that said Executor give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed, as the Last Will and Testament of said deceased.
JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy.—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

District Court of the United States District of Maine.

In the matter of SENECA P. HAYES, Bankrupt, IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a Petition has been presented to the Court, this nineteenth day of January, 1877, by Seneca P. Hayes, of Bangor, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of April, A. D. 1877, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the third meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 15th day of March, 1877, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Piscataquis Observer, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.
WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
Jan23 oM3w&w1t4*

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of WENTWORTH VARNEY, Bankrupt. IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 23d day of November, 1876, by Wentworth Varney of Norridgewock, a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of B. Varney & Company, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1877, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and that the third meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the sixteenth day of January, 1877, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, and the Somerset Reporter, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks and once in the Weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.
WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
nov24 eT3w&w1t*

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of JAMES E. MORRILL, Bankrupt, in Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice: That on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1876, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of James E. Morrill, of Veazie, in the county of Penobscot and State of Maine, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition, filed December, eleventh, 1876: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Bankrupt Court Room, Bangor, before Chas. Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M.
GEO. F. SNOW, Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
DANIEL F. DAVIS, ESQ., Solicitor.
dec13

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me. may11,76

Notice to Creditors in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF MAINE. In the matter of Hugh Ross, of Bangor, in said District, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

At Portland, in said District, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1876.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. Said alleged bankrupt has proposed a composition of twenty per cent. to each of his creditors, and a meeting of the creditors of said alleged bankrupt has been ordered, and will be held at the office of Charles Hamlin, Register, in the Bankrupt Court room at Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, on the second day of January, A. D. 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M., to consider the said propositions as provided by Rule XXXVI of General Orders in Bankruptcy. Petition for meeting filed 4th day of December, A. D. 1876. Petition in Bankruptcy filed May 6th, A. D. 1876.
WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of U. S. District Court for the District Maine.
dec14 eWbt

City of Bangor.

Notice is hereby given that the Municipal officers of the City of Bangor, on the 2d day of January, A. D. 1877, filed with the Clerk of said City the location of a public drain or sewer running northerly from York St. through Brown St., easterly and westerly in State street, and northerly about 500 ft. in Lime street, with a proper description of the same, with the amount assessed upon the parcels of land, and against the owners thereof when known, of such sum as they have deemed just and reasonable, towards defraying the expense of constructing such drain or sewer, the whole amount of such assessment not exceeding three fourths of the cost of such drain or sewer, and the Clerk of said city has recorded the same in the Sewer Book of said city, and on said 2d day of January, 1877, the Municipal officers passed the following order of notice.

LIST OF ASSESSMENTS.

Brown, State and Lime St. Sewer.

Pt lot No. 3, 21 ft front, E side of Lime st, owned or occupied by Phineas Bachelder,	$10 08
Pt lot No. 6, 21 ft front, E side Lime st, owned or occupied by Geo. S. Marston,	10 08
Pt lot No. 5, 21 ft front, E side Lime street, owned or occupied by Isaac H. Merrill	10 08
Pt lot No. 9, 21 ft front, E side Lime street, owned or occupied by heirs of James Clark,	10 08
Pt lot No. 9, 150 ft front, E side of Lime st, owned or occupied by heirs of Saml. E. Beardman,	76 80
Pt lot No. 9, 21 ft front, E side Lime street, owned or occupied by C. P. Stetson, Trustee for estate of F. Hobbs,	35 52
Lot No. 7, 136 ft front, E side Lime street, owned or occupied by Laura E. Parker,	67 20
Pt lot No. 8, 45 ft front, W side Lime st, owned or occupied by Amos M. Roberts,	21 84
Pt lot No. 7, 102 ft front, N side of State st, owned or occupied by Amos M. Roberts,	45 60
Lot No. 7, 112 ft front, N side State street, owned or occupied by Laura E. Parker,	54 00
Pt lot No. 8, 98 ft front, N side State street, owned or occupied by C. P. Stetson, Trustee for F. Hobbs estate,	47 04
Lots Nos. 10, 11, and pt 12, 141 ft front, N side State st, owned or occupied by John F. Colby,	67 68
Pt lots Nos. 11 and 12, 35 ft front, N side State st, owned or occupied by Edwin Smith (of Warren) or unknown,	16 80
Pt lot No. 13, 41 ft front, N side State street, owned or occupied by Benjamin Jenkins,	19 68
Pt lot No. 14, 34 ft front, N side State street, owned or occupied by Sarah J. Pearson,	16 32
Pt lot No. 15, 36 ft front, S side State street, owned or occupied by J. H. Robinson,	17 28
Lot No. 12, 57 ft front, S side State street, owned or occupied by Albert Titcomb,	27 36
Pt lot No. 9, 27 ft front, S side of State st, owned or occupied by Philander Evans,	12 96
Pt lot No. 9, 46 ft front, S side State street, owned or occupied by T. S. Coe,	22 08
Lot No. 11, 93 ft front, S side State st, owned or occupied by J. P. Greeley,	44 64
Pt lot No. 8, 31 ft front, S side State street, owned or occupied by W. H. During,	14 88
Pt lots Nos. 8 and 1, 87 ft front, S side State st, owned or occupied by Josiah C. Towle,	16 80
Pt lot No. 1, 41 ft front, S side State street, owned or occupied by Josiah Towle,	19 68
Pt lot No. 1, 34 ft front, S side State street, owned or occupied by Caroline F. Ayer	16 32
Lot No. 5, 1 ft front, S side State st, owned or occupied by Mrs Caroline E. Ely,	36 00
Pt lot No. 8, 80 ft front, W side Brown st, owned or occupied by W. H. Darling	38 40
Lot No. 7 and pt No. 8, 101 ft front, W side Brown st, owned or occupied by Joseph Tamey,	49 92
Lot No. 6, 35 ft front, W side Brown street, owned or occupied by Dennis Cox,	20 40
Lot No. 5, 50 ft front, W side Brown street, owned or occupied by Otis D. Maddocks,	24 00
Lot No. 4, 55 ft front, W side Brown street, owned or occupied by Robert Hickson,	26 40
Lot No. 15, 55 ft front, E side Brown street, owned or occupied by Robert Hickson, Jr.	26 40
Lot No. 14, 55 ft front, E side Brown street, owned or occupied by Mary J. Given,	27 60
Lot No. 13, 57 ft front, E side Brown st, owned or occupied by Jonas P. Wyman,	27 36
Lot No. 12, 57 ft front, E side Brown street, owned or occupied by Marshall Dyer,	27 36
Lots Nos. 10 & 11, 115 ft front, E side Brown street, owned or occupied by J. P. Greeley,	55 20
	$12 8 [illegible]

In Board of Municipal officers, Jan. 2, 1877. Report of Committee on Sewers accepted and assessments established as recommended, and Tuesday, February 13, 1877, at 2:30 P. M., and the Aldermen's Room, City Hall, assigned as the time and place for a hearing of all parties interested in the subject matter of said assessments.
VICTOR BRETT, City Clerk.
A true copy of said recorded assessment and order of notice thereon.
Attest, VICTOR BRETT, City Clerk.
Jan11 3w

City of Bangor.

Notice is hereby given that the Municipal officers of the City of Bangor, on Jan. 24, 1877, filed with the Clerk of said City the location of a drain or sewer on Fourth st., with a proper description of the same, with the amount assessed upon lots of parcels of land, and against the owners thereof when known, of such sums as they have deemed just and reasonable towards defraying the expense of constructing such drain or sewer, the whole of such assessment not exceeding three-fourths of the cost of such drain or sewer, and the Clerk of said City has recorded the same in the Sewer Book of said city, and on said 24 day of January, 1877, the Municipal officers passed the following order of notice.

LIST OF ASSESSMENTS.

Lot No. 17, 94 ft front, E side Fourth street, owned or occupied by Rebecca G. Bacon,	$44 45
N ½ Lot No. 16, 50 ft front, E side Fourth st, owned or occupied by Geo. L. Wescott,	23 00
Lot No. 15, and part lots 14 & 16, 214 ft front, E side Fourth street, owned or occupied by Jefferson Crocker,	91 38
Part lot No. 14, 52 ft front, E side Fourth street, owned or occupied by Thomas F. Lincey,	22 20
Part lot No. 14, 52 ft front, E side Fourth street, owned or occupied by Ephraim K. Dean	22 20
Part lot No. 14, 50 ft front, E side Fourth street, owned or occupied by Sarah Kelley,	21 35
Lot No. 4, 104 ft front, E side Fourth street, owned or occupied by heirs of Simon Sudelsker,	44 40
Lot No. 5, 104 ft front, W side Fourth street, owned or occupied by Bartholomew Hayes,	44 40
Lot No. 12, 125 ft front, W side Fourth street, owned or occupied by Andrew Kelley,	53 38
Lot No. 11 and part 10, 150 ft front, W side Fourth street, owned or occupied by Warren A. Briggs,	[illegible]
Part lot No. 13, 50 ft front, W side Fourth street, owned or occupied by James Hayes,	21 35
Lot No. 5, 100 ft front, W side Fourth street, owned or occupied by Caroline M. Rogers,	42 70
Part lot No. 8, 50 ft front, W side Fourth street, owned or occupied by Abram P. Vail,	21 35
Part lot No. 8, 50 ft front, W side Fourth street, owned or occupied by Samuel Fellows.	21 35
	$557 57

In Board of Municipal Officers, Jan. 29, 1877. Report accepted, and assessments established as recommended, and Wednesday, the 14th day of February, A. D. 1877, at 2:30 P. M., and the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, designated as the time and place for a hearing of all parties interested in the subject matter of said assessments.
VICTOR BRETT, City Clerk.
A true copy of said recorded assessment and order of notice thereon.
Attest, VICTOR BRETT, City Clerk.
Jan31 3w

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1876.

The Commissioners appointed by said Court to set off Dower to Judith H. Holbrook, widow of John Holbrook, late of Plymouth, in said county, deceased, out of the real estate of which he died seized, having made return of the Warrant to them issued for that purpose, together with their doings thereon,

ORDERED, That public notice be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be accepted and approved.
JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of Edwin S. Farrar, Bankrupt, against whom a petition was filed in said Court, October 23d, A. D. 1873. In Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. A Warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued, by said Court, against the Estate of Edwin S. Farrar, of the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, in said District, he has been duly adjudged bankrupt upon petition of his creditors; and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bangor, in said District, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1876, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of Chas. Hamlin, Esq., (in the Bankrupt Court Room) one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court.
S. S. MARBLE,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, for said District.
nov25 dtdwlt

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of RICHARD H. SEAVEY, Bankrupt, IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a Petition has been presented to the Court, this 24th day of Nov., 1876, by Richard H. Seavey, of Frankfort, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition, now on this 15th day of December, A. D. 1876,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of April, A. D. 1877, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the third meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the twenty-seventh day of December, 1876, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Republican Journal, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the Weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.
WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
dec23 3w1aw&w1t

PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

No. 76 State st., opposite Kilby, Boston,

Secures Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Copies of the claims of any Patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington. *No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.*
R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the *most capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse.
CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

"Inventors cannot employ a person more trustworthy or more capable of securing for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office.
EDMUND BURKE,
late Commissioner of Patents."
BOSTON, October 19, 1870.

R. H. EDDY, Esq.—Dear Sir: You procured for me, in 1840, my first patent. Since then you have acted for and advised me in hundreds of cases, and procured many patents, reissues and extensions. I have occasionally employed the best agencies in New York, Philadelphia and Washington, but I still give you almost the whole of my business, in your line, and advise others to employ you. Yours truly, GEORGE DRAPER.
Boston, Jan. 1, 1877. 3taw ly

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term, A. D. 1877.

George A. Tuttle, Administrator de bonis non with will annexed, of the estate of Taylor Durgin, late of Bangor, in said County deceased, having presented his second account for settlement,

ORDERED, That said Accountant give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published once a week three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.
JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy.—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.
5 3w

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term, A. D. 1877.

Jeremiah Trueworthy, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of Daniel Trueworthy, late of Lee, in said County, deceased, having presented the same for probate.

ORDERED, that said executor give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday of February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the said instrument should not be proved, approved and allowed, as the Last Will and Testament of said deceased.
JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy.—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

Notice to Creditors in Bankruptcy.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Maine. In the matter of Martin Schwartz, of Bangor, in said District, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

At Portland, in said District, on the 8th day of February, A. D. 1877.

District of Maine, ss. Said alleged bankrupt has proposed a composition of fifteen per cent. to each of his creditors, and that a meeting of the creditors of said alleged bankrupt has been ordered, and will be held at the Bankrupt Court Room, before the Register in Bangor, in the county of Penobscot, on the sixth day of March, A. D. 1877, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to consider the said propositions as provided by Rule XXXVI of General Orders in Bankruptcy. Petition for Bankruptcy filed ... of January, A. D. 1877.
WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of the U. S. District Court for the District of Maine.
feb10 3t

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, February Term, A. D. 1877.

Upon the petition of Ruth Lucy, widow of Freeman Lucy, late of Hermon, in said county, deceased, for an Allowance out of the personal estate of which said deceased died possessed,

ORDERED, That said widow give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday of March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.
JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy.—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.
9

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, February Term, A. D. 1877.

Upon the petition of Nathan Stevens, named as trustee in the last will and testament of Rebecca Stevens, late of Dexter, in said County, deceased, with leave to resign his trust as trustee of Amos F. Stevens, of said Dexter, under said will, deceased.

ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order thereon to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, calling them to appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday of March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.
JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy.—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.
9

Executor's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of an Executor of the Last Will and Testament of

JOHN P. WEBB, late of Bangor,

in the county of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to him.
EDWARD D. ROLFE, Executor.
Bangor, Jan'y 3, 1877.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term, A. D. 1877.

Upon the petition of John Whiting, guardian of Cora E. Whiting, only child and next of kin of Charles H. Whiting, late of Lansing, Iowa, deceased, praying that the administration of the estate of said deceased may be granted to George F. Sumner, or some other suitable person, in said County.

ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order thereon to be published once a week three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, calling them to appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.
JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

This is to give notice, That on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1877, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of John D. Thomas, of Corinth, in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, filed February 12th, A. D. 1877, that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Bankrupt Court Room, Bangor, before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of March, A. D. 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M.
GEO. F. SNOW, Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
DANIEL F. DAVIS, Solicitor.
feb14 eW3w&w1t7

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

For strictly household matters and dress, *Harper's Bazar* is altogether the best thing published. To take it is a matter of economy. No lady can afford to be without it, for the information it gives will save her very much more money than the subscription price, besides giving the household an interesting literary visitor.—*Chicago Journal.*

Harper's Bazar is profusely illustrated, and contains stories, poems, sketches, and essays of a most attractive character. * * * In its literary and artistic features, the *Bazar* is unquestionably the best journal of its kind in the country.—*Saturday Evening Gazette*, Boston.

TERMS.

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year, $4 00

$4.00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly and Bazar, to one address, for one year, $10.00, or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7.00, postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4.00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20.00, without extra copy: postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Volumes of the Bazar commence with the year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of his order.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7.00 each. A complete Set, comprising Nine Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.
Address HARPER & BROTHERS,
dec20 New York.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, February Term, A. D. 1877.

Martha J. Tobin, named Executrix in a certain instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Benjamin Tobin, late of Lincoln, in said County, deceased, having presented the same for Probate,

ORDERED, That said Executrix give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed, as the Last Will and Testament of said deceased.
JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

Bangor Post Office.

OFFICERS.

A. B. FARNHAM, Postmaster
E. A. CUMMINGS, Ass't Postmaster
W. H. S. LAWRENCE, Cashier

OFFICE HOURS

From 7½ A. M. to 8 P. M., and from 8½ to 9 P. M. daily—Sundays excepted.
On Sundays, from 9 to 9½ A. M.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

MAILS CLOSE

	A. M.	P. M.
Western,	7 00	6 30
European Railway,	6 30	
Piscataquis R. R.,	6 30	
Cherryfield and Machias,		8 00
Ellsworth,	7 00	8 00
Belfast,	7 00	
Bucksport,	7 00	8 30
Dixmont,	7 00	
E. Corinth and Charleston,		1 30
Levant and Exeter,		1 30
Bradford,		1 30
Monroe,		1 30
Amherst and Aurora,	11 30	
Hermon,		2 30

MAILS ARRIVE

	A. M.	P. M.
Western,	5 45	7 45
European Railway,		7 45
Piscataquis Railroad,		6 00
Cherryfield & Machias,	6 30	6 00
Ellsworth,	6 30	
Belfast,		8 00
Bucksport,	7 45	8 00
Dixmont,		6 00
E. Corinth & Charleston,	11 00	
Levant and Exeter,	11 00	
Bradford,	11 00	
Monroe,	11 00	
Amherst & Aurora,	11 30	
Hermon,	12 M.	

LETTER CARRIERS

All letters are delivered free by carriers when addressed to street and number. People should inform their correspondents of above and have their letters so addressed.

Persons leaving their address at the General Delivery, can also have their letters sent, but it is more convenient to have the street and number, and they will be delivered earlier than if the name is put on the office. Carriers make two deliveries daily, the first trip supplying the extremes of their routes.

Collections are made morning and evening in time for reports of mails; the down town boxes are also collected again about thirty minutes before closing mails at the office.

Hours at the Carriers' Window will be open for the delivery of letters from 8 to 9 A. M., and from 5 to 6 P. M. Sundays, from 9 to 9½ A. M.

Any irregularities in the Carriers' department should be reported to the office.

ENVELOPES

No charge is made for printing the name and request to return in case of failure of delivery upon envelopes furnished by the Post Office Department, samples of which may be seen at the office, when ordered in lots of not less than 500.

A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if not called for within thirty days, or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office and State, across the left end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with.

The public are earnestly recommended to procure Stamped Envelopes with printed return on them, as the expense is small, and letters thus endorsed, if not delivered to the person addressed, are returned to the writer free of charge.

First class envelopes at above furnished at $2.50 [illegible]

Stamps cut from Stamped Envelopes

cannot be used to prepay postage. The use of these Stamps is punishable by a fine of fifty dollars.

Mutilated envelopes, spoiled in directing, are redeemed at this office.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE

All Letters must be Prepaid.—Letters for the Mails in the United States, three cents for each half ounce or single rate. City letters, two cents half ounce or single rate.

NEWSPAPERS

After January 1st, 1875, all regular newspapers must be prepaid at the office of publication, at the rate of two cents per pound for each issue on weekly papers or those published oftener than once a week, less frequently than once a week, three cents. The same law applies to all ... Local papers free, except to other carrier offices, in the county in which published in the County. If delivered by carrier, 1 cent each, to be prepaid by stamp.

Transient Papers.—Same as the States on ... Newspapers, ... payment compulsory ... papers ... 2 cents ...

TRANSIENT, PRINTED MATTER AND BOOKS AND MERCHANDISE.

Transient newspapers and magazines, regular publications issued primarily for advertising purposes, or for free circulation at nominal rates, and all printed matter of the third class except unsealed circulars, shall be admitted to the mails at the rate of one cent for every two ounces or fraction thereof, and one cent for each two additional ounces or fraction thereof, and the sender of any article of third class matter may write his or her name or address therein, or on the outside thereof, with the word "from" above or preceding the same, or may write briefly or print on any package the number and names of the articles enclosed. Publishers of newspapers and periodicals may print on the wrappers of newspapers ... a brief ... the office of publication to regular subscribers ... Unsealed circulars, merchandise and all other matter of the third class other than that specified in the foregoing section, postage will be charged as heretofore, one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

ADVERTISED LETTERS

All letters remaining in the office are advertised on Monday of each week. If not claimed in one month after they are then forwarded to Washington.

MONEY ORDERS.

Especial attention is called to the Money Order system as the safest and cheapest method of transmitting small sums through the mails. Orders are issued for any sum not more than fifty dollars. Larger amounts may be transmitted to the same person, at the same time, by additional orders.

RATES

On orders not exceeding $15, 10 cents
" over $15 and not exceeding $30, 15 cents
" over $30 and not exceeding $40, 20 cents
" over $40 and not exceeding $50, 25 cents

Money Orders can also be obtained on England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Switzerland and Germany, [illegible] States.

Never put Money in a Letter—Always Procure a Money Order.

If money is to be remitted, a Postal Money Order should be obtained, if upon points where there is no Money Order Office, then the letter should be Registered. Money should never be enclosed in an ordinary letter.

Office Hours—From 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

REGISTRY DEPARTMENT

All valuable letters should be Registered, unless a Money Order is obtained. Under the present system of Registration, letters are transmitted with perfect safety.

Letters may be registered by paying postage in full, and in Registration fee in stamps, for United States, 10 cents; Great Britain and Ireland, 10 cents; Canada, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, 10 cents; Germany and German Austrian Postal Union, embracing the German and Austrian States, 10 cents.

Office Hours—From 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

FOREIGN POSTAGE

Argentine Republic, by Am. Packet, ... Aspinwall, ... Australia, via Southampton, ... Australia, via San Francisco, ... Bahamas, ... Belgium, ... Bermuda, ... Brazil, via England, ... Brazil, via American Packet, ... Buenos Ayres, via England, ... Buenos Ayres, via American Packet, 23 1 month, ... Canada, ... Cape of Good Hope, ... Carthagena, ... Ceylon, via Southampton, ... Chili, ... China, via Southampton, ... Constantinople, ... Cuba, ... East Indies, via Southampton, ... East Indies, via Brindisi, ... France, ... Germany, ... Gibraltar, ... Great Britain and Ireland, ... Holland, ... Italy, via England, ... Japan, via Southampton, ... Japan, via San Francisco, ... Madeira, via England, ... Mexico, direct via sea, ... Mexico, by land routes, ... Montevideo, via England, ... Montevideo, via American Packet, ... Nassau, New Providence, ... Natal, ... Netherlands, ... except Aspinwall & Panama, ... Southampton, ... England, ... England, ... American Packet, ... British, and all other foreign ... at Post Office.

Pre-payment required.

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND

Book packets, including printed papers, maps, plans, prints, engravings, photographs, lithographs, sheets of music, patterns or samples of merchandise, ... rates as follows:
... 2 ounces, 2 cents.
... and not over 4 ounces, 4 cents.
... and not over 6 ounces, 6 cents.
... cents each.

Railroads & Steamboats.

European & No. American Railway,

Hannibal Hamlin & Wm. B. Hayford, Trustees.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT, 1876.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 18th, Express train leaves Bangor (Exchange street) for St. John at 7.45 A. M.
Trains leave Bangor for Oldtown and Way Stations at 7.45 A. M., and 4.45 P. M.
Trains leave Bangor for Ashland and Way Stations at 7.45 A. M.
Bangor for Bucksport, 6.45 A. M. and 7.15 P. M.
Oldtown for Bangor, 7.15 A. M., and 5.17 P. M.
Bangor for Mattawamkeag, at 7.45 A. M., 4.45 P. M.
Mattawamkeag for Bangor, 1.30 A. M., 5 P. M.
Bucksport for Bangor, 7.15 A. M., ...
Express trains connect at ... with trains E. B. & C. Railway, and at ... Junction with trains to and from ...
... Bangor, Dec. 18, 1876

Boston and Maine Railroad.

THE POPULAR ROUTE

TO

BOSTON.

THE DIRECT ROUTE

To Old Orchard Beach, Saco, Biddeford, Kennebunk, Wells, Salmon Falls, Great Falls, Dover, Lake Winnipiseogee, Manchester, Concord, Haverhill, Lawrence and Lowell ... Passenger Station—Haymarket Square, Washington St., Boston, ... leaving Bangor at ... Passenger Trains on ... Boston ... arriving at Lowell ...

BOSTON 7.30 P. M.

Have baggage checked via Boston and Maine Railroad and change cars at the transfer station near Portland.

First Class Dining Rooms

at transfer station, Exeter and Boston.

All freight shipped from Bangor ... is forwarded without change ... Maine Central ... very ... at 7.30 the following morning.

... Boston and Maine ... the following day.
... LINCOLN,
Gen. Eastern Agt., Augusta, Me.
JAS. T. FURBER,
General Supt, Boston, Mass.

Maine Central Railroad.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Commencing Nov. 27th, 1876, Morning Passenger train leaves ... running over both ... with trains at Cumberland ... branch at Danville ... at Bath, with Portland ... Westbrook, with Boston & Maine ... and with Eastern ... at Boston at 7.30 P. M.

Night train with Pullman Sleeping Car leaves Bangor at 8.00 P. M. ... Portland at 1.50 A. M. and Boston at ... A. M.

This train arrives in Boston at ... Pullman Parlor Car is run with this train to Boston.

A mixed train leaves Bangor for Waterville at ... P. M. daily, connecting ... at Burnham for Belfast.

Through freight trains leave Bangor at ... Through Freight trains from ... due in Bangor at 5.20 P. M.
PAYSON TUCKER, Supt.
November 27, 1876.

TAKE

THE

Portland & Worcester Line,

And Save TIME, MONEY and TROUBLE.

You can secure *State Rooms* ... steamers and *Berths* ... Worcester ... J. N. RENSON, Ticket Agent ...

You can make sure of a place to sleep before leaving Bangor.

12 HOURS SAVED

Between Bangor and Chicago, via

Portland & Worcester and Hoosac Tunnel

Always ask for tickets by the

PORTLAND & WORCESTER LINE.

H. N. TURNER, Worcester, Mass.
General Passenger Agt.
Feb15 3m

The Sanford Steamship Co.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

The Steamer KATAHDIN, Capt. W. R. ROIX, will leave Winterport at ... M., every MONDAY ... leave Boston for Winterport ... THURSDAY at 4 o'clock P. M. ... Steamer will leave Bucksport ... A. Depot at 10 A. M. every MONDAY ... with the Steamer at Bucksport ... will take passengers from Bucksport ... connect with ...

Fare from Bangor to Boston, including ... to Bucksport, ...
... to Boston, ...
JAMES LITTLEFIELD, Supt.
Bangor, Dec. 16, 1876. 3m

Maine Steamship Company.

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE TO NEW YORK.

Steamers Eleanora, and Franconia.

Will, until further notice, run as follows: Leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 6 P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 4 P. M.

The ELEANORA is a new steamer, just built for this route, and both she and the FRANCONIA are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most convenient and comfortable route for travelers between New York and Maine. These steamers will touch at Vineyard Haven during the summer months on their passage to and from New York.

Passage in State Room, $5, Meals extra.

Goods forwarded to and from Philadelphia, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, and all parts of Maine.

Freight taken at the lowest rates.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamers as early as 4 P. M. on the days they leave Portland. For further information apply to

HENRY FOX, Gen'l Agent, Portland.
J. F. AMES, Agent, Pier 38, E. R., New York.
Tickets and State Rooms can also be obtained at 22 Exchange Street, Portland.
July 28, 1874 tf

BOSTON STEAMERS.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

The superior sea going Steamers

JOHN BROOKS and FOREST CITY

will, until further notice, run alternately, leaving FRANKLIN WHARF, Portland, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 7 o'clock P. M., and India Wharf, Boston, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 P. M.

FARE $1.00

Passengers by this line are reminded that they secure a comfortable night's rest and avoid the expense and inconvenience of arriving in Boston late at night.

Through tickets to New York via the various Sound lines, for sale at very low rates.

Freight taken as usual.

Boston Rail tickets accepted on the steamers and the difference in fare refunded.
J. B. COYLE Jr.
Jan. 1, 1877. General Agent, Portland.

Administratrix' Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed, and has taken upon herself the trust of Administratrix of the estate of

CHARLES C. JOHNSON, late of Bangor,

in the county of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. She therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to her.
ELIZA A. JOHNSON, Adm'x.
Bangor, Nov. 25, 1876.

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of James E. Morrill, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. At Bangor, the ... day of January, A. D. 1877. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of James E. Morrill, of Veazie, in the County of Penobscot, and State of Maine, within said District, who have been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District, filed Dec. 11th, A. D. 1876.
SAMUEL C. HALL, Assignee.
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CASKS, Molasses hhds, Tierces, Barrels, Hicks, Ten and Five Gallon Keys, of best quality, by G. B. ROBINSON, No. end of Norombega.

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